

THIRTY-NINTH YEAR

BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA, MONDAY, JANUARY 31, 1921

PRICE FIVE CENTS

ASSEMBLY HALF
GONE; FEW LAWS
TO BE ENACTEDPeculiar Situation Arising to
Make Real Legislation Diffi-
cult to Pass.

LOTS OF WORK AHEAD

Very Important Measures to Be
acknowledged in Last Thirty-
Four Days

As the legislature swung into its 28th day today, the members were faced with the task of enacting all legislation that is to be enacted by this assembly in the last half of the session.

No constructive legislation, in fact, no legislation has been accomplished. No definite program of legislation is before either the senate or the house. No bill measures have yet been tackled by either branch of the assembly. Yet in the four remaining weeks there are some very important measures to be acted upon.

The legislature has actually been in session nineteen days, excluding the recess and Sundays. During that time the house has passed seven bills and four concurrent resolutions, and the senate has passed eight bills and three concurrent resolutions. No bill has gone to the governor for signature. The time for introduction of appropriation bills, except on suspension of rules, has passed.

"Let Well Enough Alone." No effort has been made by either independent or nonpartisans to evolve a real program of legislation. The nonpartisans, at the start, took the attitude of "let well enough alone" and either felt that they had put the laws on the statute books necessary to accomplish their program, or were afraid to risk division among their members with legislation of importance.

On the independent side the attitude has been taken that "any program" presented should be the result of the experience and study of the members of the legislature. Had the leaders attempted to put up a program at the beginning of the session they would have been open to the charge of dictation, they say. But there are indications that out of the experience of the first half of the assembly members will attempt to work out a constructive program. "The biggest task of the independents, in the opinion of many, is blocking 'wild' legislation, cutting appropriations to the bone and making a thorough probe of the management of state industries.

Yet there are many measures of real importance to the state which have some chance of enactment, at least for which real battles will be waged. Some of these are:

Some Important Measures. Senator Nelson's bill, backed by Chief Justice Robinson, repealing the "new fangled" tax laws, tax on attorneys and act requiring a year's experience of coal miners before they can work in mines in North Dakota.

A rural credit bill, expected to be proposed by the independents in the house.

Development of the co-operative marketing plan, for which Senator Church's bill is an opening wedge.

The mill tax for state institutions and abolition of four state educational institutions.

Revision of primary and election laws.

Revision of income tax and other tax laws, proposed by the state tax commissioner.

Reducing the \$8,600,000 budget bill—the biggest financial budget bill in the state's history.

Senate Quiet Place. The senate has done practically nothing. With the political fights in the house it was expected by many observers that the senate would get down to a consideration of the business affairs of the state and evolve some legislation of real merit.

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MEET HARDING'S
5 FOOT 3 BOSSPresident-Elect Minds When
"Doc" Sawyer Speaks

Marion, Ohio, Jan. 31.—Even closer to President-elect Harding than the mighty Harry C. Sawyer of Columbus is Dr. C. E. Sawyer of Marion.

Daugherty, occasionally, has been known to cool his heels waiting on Harding to see him, but Sawyer never.

Daugherty is only the president-elect's personal physician.

Sawyer is his family physician. "Doc," as the president-elect affectionately calls his physician, has been ministering unto the Harding family for more than 30 years.

Dr. Sawyer is a mere mite of a man—five feet three or four and weighing about 110, but he possesses a wonderful intellect and unlimited common sense.

Harding has appointed him White House physician and he'll move to Washington about inauguration time. The president-elect has great confidence in the little doctor's judgments.

It has just been found out that Sawyer was told by a Washington hotel that it would cost him \$100 a day for seven days to stay through the inauguration.

Very soon thereafter the inaugural activities were called off by Harding.

Nobody accuses the little doctor of having a hand in it.

But Harding does obey his 5-foot-3 boss.

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PRICE SLUMPS
FEATURE IN
MONTHS NEWSLivestock Quotations at South
St. Paul Decline During Dec.
—Lowest in November

UNEMPLOYMENT GREATER

Prices of Building Materials
Continue in an Unbalanced
Condition—Banking
Operations

Minneapolis, Jan. 31.—Price slumps are the outstanding features of the month of January, according to a statement issued today by the Ninth Federal Reserve bank. It follows, in part:

General Price Situation. The most important business event in the month of December was the general and substantial decline in prices at wholesale and practically all communities. The declines in December, when added to those of the preceding months, have marked the year 1920 as one of greater readjustment in price levels than has ever been witnessed. The effects have not been different from those in other periods of business decline, such as at the close of the war, when production, increased unemployment, and a general desire to economize, saved pay up debts and invest. The prices of products in the northwest have declined in harmony with those of the other producing sections and industries of the world.

The medium quotations for cash sales of all grains at Minneapolis were over in December than in November except for rye, which advanced one cent per bushel. All the quotations, without exception, exhibit a narrow range in December than in November. These median prices furnish an index of conditions prevailing throughout the month and are a means for simplifying the variations due to changes in daily quotations. The median is at price at which the number of bushels sold at a higher price is exactly equal to the number of bushels sold at a lower price.

Livestock Prices Down. All livestock prices at the South St. Paul stockyards as shown by the median quotations in December and November declined, with the single exception of lambs. Even in the case of lambs, the highest and lowest quotations were lower in December than the highest and lowest in November. This tendency for quotations to fall within a narrower range is evidence of more stable conditions as to prices of demand and supply. Prices of wool declined, as well as wholesale produce prices for butter, eggs, cheese, potatoes, oranges, veal and hogs.

Unemployment. The Ninth federal reserve district, during the last four months, has experienced a great increase in the number of unemployed. Minneapolis concerns which employed 46,702 persons a year ago reported to the Civic and Commerce association a reduction to 20,708 on or about January 1, 1921, or a decrease of 22.1 per cent. The reductions are greatest in the woodworking, paper, iron and steel industries, which indicate reductions as high as 32 per cent or more. Mining companies in Montana report a reduction in the number of men employed during the month of December equal to 30 per cent of the number a year ago. The Michigan mines, as well as lumber manufacturers throughout the whole district, report a reduction in the number of employees of 24 per cent of a year ago.

One Year Business Conditions. There was a decided shrinkage in the volume of business during the four weeks ending December 29 as compared with the four weeks ending December 1, when measured by the volume of payments made through clearing house banks in the eleven most important cities of this district. The December volume was 18.12 per cent less than in November, whereas a year ago between of less than 2 per cent. It is evident that the decline is much more than seasonal. The total in December is 7 per cent less than a year ago. The city of Superior alone exhibited gains over last month and over a year ago. The production of flour mills in this district for the four weeks ending December 26 declined about 15 per cent as compared with the four weeks ending November 27. The total production for the four weeks ending December 26 was 1,000,000 bushels. (Continued on Page Six)

COMPARES POOL
HALL AND H. S.
INSPECTORS PAY

County officials at the state are
flooding the legislature with peti-
tions for increased pay.

One of the reasons is that under the 1920 rule the officials in many counties, particularly those west of the Missouri river, will receive less pay than they have received.

The state affairs committee is to lump all salary increase bills for consideration. One bill providing a minimum salary for county superintendents of \$1,500 will not go to this committee, however, although an effort was made to send it there.

Rep. Kitchen, in talking on salaries in the house, waved sarcastic over objections raised to one section of a bill he had to increase salaries of high school inspectors from \$2,200 to \$2,500.

"The senate has passed a bill providing three pool hall inspectors at \$2,500 a year. It seems to be high school inspectors, trained educators, ought to get at least as much," he said.

"EDUCATIONAL
LOBBY" IS HIT
IN THE HOUSEOpposition Develops Into De-
mand for Appearance of
EducatorsPROPOSITION TO HEAR SPEAKERS
Wednesday and Then Put
Down Bars

The house this afternoon was to have before it a proposal to curb what some members term the "educational lobby," and which they declare is "more powerful" than any other lobby.

The house late Saturday agreed on the spur of the moment to hear Dr. Ladd, head of the agricultural college; Dr. Kane, head of the university; and Dr. Allen, head of the Valley City normal, Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Their proposed subject is the mill tax for state educational institutions and a discussion of appropriations. Since the announcement of the house's action was made, many other institutional representatives are said to have wired to Bismarck to get permission to address the house.

"The proper place for these men to appear, if they are discussing appropriations, is before the appropriations committee," said one member.

They are glad to pay tribute to any leading citizens of the state, but this house has a duty to perform in making appropriations and it ought to be able to make them without interference of an organized lobby. These men appeared before the budget board, the committee, and that is the proper place for them to appear. They should not go over the heads of our regularly constituted agencies and try to force something upon the legislature.

To ask Bismarck. The resolution which was expected to be up in the house were to ask that Chief Justice Robinson be invited to appear before the house Wednesday afternoon with the other three men and that thereafter the bars be drawn tight against any member of the state administration speaking on legislative subjects before the body as a whole.

Representative Shipley made a motion in the house that the house on Wednesday afternoon invite Chief Justice Robinson to speak before the body with Dr. Ladd, Dr. Kane and Dr. Allen.

And that thereafter there be no more adjournments for the purpose of hearings of heads of institution or state departments, on appropriations or departmental affairs which properly should be handled by committees.

On request the motion was divided. The house voted to invite Judge Robinson to address the body on Wednesday afternoon. On the resolution, a roll call was demanded and the motion carried 62 to 48, with three absent.

FIND GLADYS
WITHERELL ON
SHEEP RANCHPolice Arrested Couple Charged
With Kidnapping Los An-
geles Woman

Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 31.—Mrs. Gladys Witherell, who disappeared from her home here last Tuesday, was found early this morning a prisoner in a small house on a sheep ranch in Riverside county, about 70 miles southeast of Los Angeles, according to telephone messages.

She was uninjured. Two men, who gave their names as Carr, were arrested. The officers said the Carrs confessed that they had ill-feeling toward the woman's father-in-law because of a contract involving a boat, and that they kidnaped Mrs. Witherell both to obtain revenge and ransom money.

21 DAYS SPENT
ON OCEAN TRIP
FROM EUROPE

Dan Bougis who has returned to
Bismarck with his bride after several
months in Greece, declares that peo-
ple here know little about what high
prices really are.

Greece, he said, is prosperous with plenty of work and fairly high wages, but flour and other necessities of life are very high in price. Very little is heard of conditions outside Greece, he said.

Mr. Bougis and his bride were on the ocean twenty-one days on their return trip. They will reside on Fourth street.

ENDORSE NEW
PEACE MOVE

London Jan. 31.—Conservative Eng-
lish newspaper endorse the Paris de-
cision on German reparations.

The Herald labor paper, says the plan is clear lunacy.

BERLIN CONDEMNS
NEW REPARATIONS

Berlin Jan. 31.—The German papers
generally condemn the Allied decision
on reparations as economically in-
possible.

"FIGHTING PAT"
FILIBUSTERSYoungest Senator Shows Con-
gress Youthful Pep

(N. E. A. Staff Special W.)
That's what they call Pat Harrison, senator from Mississippi.

At present Pat is fighting for the championship belt in the filibuster class. The dictionary says a filibuster is "a member of a legislative body who obstructs or prevents the action of the assembly by the use of dilatory tactics, such as speaking merely to consume time."

There's no doubt about Pat being a filibuster. He admitted after speaking two weeks against the emergency tariff bill that he hadn't said a thing.

Much More to Say. "I have much more to say than I have said thus far," he said as he drew his second breath. "However, I'm a good soldier and will do what is for the best interest of the country."

Pat's only 33, the baby of the senate. He doesn't seem a bit awed by the age and experience arrayed against him. He's young at heart. Had the time of his life tripping up his ponderous opponents.

Gott? Horseback? Not for Pat. "They're old men's games," he says. "Baseball and hunting for mine."

Pat studied law while he taught a country school in Mississippi. He was admitted to the bar in 1902. Married in 1905. Has three children. Elected district attorney in 1905. Went to congress in 1910.

Battled Vardaman for senatorial nomination in 1918. Pat wore his hair short-clipped and had a good war record. Vardaman had long hair and his war record wasn't so good. Decision to Pat. Elected by 95 per cent of state's votes.

Held the whip-hand in the scrap for Cox's nomination at San Francisco convention. His term as senator doesn't expire until 1925. He will probably be re-elected. Many times.

He signs his name Pat. But he was christened Byron Patton Harrison. You'd never know it if you didn't look him up in Who's Who.

RULE AGAINST
STATE'S CHECKS
BRINGS PROTESTNew York Clearing House Ac-
cepts North Dakota Checks
for Collection Only

NOTICE IS SENT OUT

Many bankers in North Dakota are
aroused over a rule said to have been
adopted by the New York clearing
house, refusing to clear North Dakota
checks through the regular channels.

Immediate action is expected to result in an effort to have the rule removed.

Many business firms have been notified that their checks for goods purchased in New York are accepted for collection only. One of these letters to a merchant, informing him of the situation, said:

"We entered the above remittance for collection and have charged your account accordingly until payment therefor has been made by your bank. Hereafter, however, please remit for all bills by money order. These arrangements to remain in effect until such time as checks through the banks in North Dakota are accepted for clearance through the regular channels."

One local banker said today that for some time merchants have been informed that their checks are accepted for collection only.

Whether this is due to the action of the Bank of North Dakota in declining to cash checks issued by county treasurers and others, in their discretion, has created a faulty impression which has reacted against the entire state is not known.

DEPT. WANTS
DEBS FREED

Washington, Jan. 31.—Communitation of sentence next February 12 of Eugene V. Debs, Socialist candidate for president, has been recommended by department of justice officials. It was learned today.

President Wilson's refusal to commute the ten-year sentence of Eugene V. Debs came within a few minutes of the decision of the supreme court in the Berger case involving the same law.

FALLING WALLS
KILL THREE MEN

Providence, Jan. 31.—Three firemen were killed and five injured when walls of a building collapsed here. Two of the injured are expected to die.

ADMINISTRATION MEN GIVEN
FIRST CHANCE IN INQUIRY
INTO INDUSTRIES BY HOUSEMen Charged With Supervision of Industries to Appear—Govern-
or and Others on Industrial Commission May Be Invited to
Appear—First Hearings Wednesday Morning in Burleigh
County Courthouse—Senate Committee to Conduct Hearing
on Floor of That Body—Meet Today to Formulate Plans.

First witnesses to be called in the house investigation of state industries, will be the men charged with the duty of supervising the state industries, it was announced today.

Public hearings will start Wednesday morning at 9:30 in the courtroom of the Burleigh county courthouse, unless plans are changed.

A general survey will be made first of the industries, under the plan of investigation which calls for the appearance of the men directly charged with the supervision and management of these industries. The administration men, therefore, will be the first to tell their story on the witness stand before the committee.

The senate investigation will take a different form, and will be limited in scope, it is expected.

Senate Plan Outlined. Senator Lieberman, chairman of the senate committee, planned to have his committee of five meet with the state board of auditors, composed of Attorney-General Lemke, Auditor D. C. Poindexter and Secretary of State Thomas Hall at 4 o'clock this afternoon, or immediately after the senate adjournment.

The plan the senate committee probably will follow is this:

Case
JUDGE LANDIS REVERSED

**Majority Holds Chicago Federal
Judge Should Not Have
Heard Case**

Washington, Jan. 31.—Conviction of Victor L. Berger and four other members of the Socialist party for violation of the espionage act was reversed today by the supreme court on the ground that Judge Landis should not have heard the suit after his eligibility had been attacked.

Those convicted with Berger in the federal court were Adolph Germer, national secretary of the party; William F. Krus, editor of the Young Socialist magazine; J. L. Endahl and Irwin St. John Tucker.

Berger and the other four men were convicted under the section prohibiting attempts to cause insubordination and disloyalty in the naval and military forces, and sentences, ranging from ten to twenty years imprisonment were imposed.

The court divided six to three. The appeal was brought to the supreme court on the grounds that Judge Landis had shown personal bias against the defendants because of their nationality.

WANTS PEOPLE
TO KNOW NOW
ABOUT TREATYSenator Johnson Wants State-
ment Regarding Pact With
Japan

Washington, Jan. 31.—"People are entitled to know and to know now what disposition of the Japanese question is made in the proposed treaty between Japan and the United States," declared Senator Johnson (Republican), of California, in a formal statement.

He reiterated his statement that the treaty would in effect repeal the California anti-alien land act and asserted that the people would not stand for that.

N. DAKOTA SIXTH
IN AUTO NUMBER
FIGURES REVEAL

North Dakota ranks sixth
among the states in the United
States in the number of automo-
bile cars—proportionate to popu-
lation.

These figures were received by The Tribune from the first compilation of automobile statistics, made by automobile industries, based on the registration for 1920, completed in the country.

North Dakota ranks 29th among the 48 states in the total number of cars and 35th among the states in gain in cars during 1920. Minnesota, Montana, Florida and Rhode Island are among the states below her in the percentage of increase in 1920.

South Dakota leads the nation in the number of cars in proportion to her population, that state having one car for every 5.21 persons. Iowa is second, Nebraska third, California fourth, Kansas fifth and New Dakota sixth with one car for every 7.14 persons in the state. Such states as New York and Illinois are below North Dakota.

There are 888,572 cars and trucks registered in the country in 1920, North Dakota registered 90,410 automobiles and motor-cycles.

ELEVEN KILLED
IN HOTEL FIRE

Hoboken, N. J., Jan. 31.—Eleven persons were killed and four badly injured in a fire which today destroyed the Hotel Colonial.

MORRIS PROFITS
SHOW DECREASE

Chicago, Jan. 31.—The annual statement of Morris & Co. shows net profits of \$4,270,497, in comparison with \$5,815,471 in 1919.

Constantinople, Jan. 31.—Seventy-two Bolshevik divisions are reported distributed along the Polish and Rumanian fronts and secret instructions are said to have been given by Trotsky for a new offensive.

Association Closes Doors.
Lamberton, Mont., Jan. 31.—The Equity Co-operative association of this city has been placed in the hands of a receiver.

EIGHT HOUR DAY FOR FARM LABOR SAID UNDER WAY

Question Brought Before House During Session Saturday Afternoon

SENATE TALKS DIVORCE

Church's Bill Providing Divorce Hearings in Open Court Passed

Intimations that there are forces working gradually toward a law limiting hours of work on the farm to eight hours were made on the floor of the house of representatives Saturday afternoon.

It was one of the few times during the session up-to-date that there were outcroppings of the program of extreme radicals in North Dakota. The issue was raised during the debate on the committee reports on the bill providing an eight-hour day on public work.

The majority of the committee on state affairs had recommended an amendment to the Lusk eight-hour bill providing an eight-hour day on all public building work. The minority recommended it be extended to include road construction work where crews of more than five men were employed.

Not For Organized Labor.

The debate, which was while the house was sitting as a committee of the whole, became heated. Those who opposed the minority report declared that it would increase the cost of road construction to taxpayers one-third, and that it would draw labor from the farm, and was the opening wedge for an eight-hour day for farm labor. It would accomplish no purpose, it was claimed, because road jobs were short-time, short-season jobs and in that respect was similar to farm harvest, for which labor did not demand an eight-hour day.

Speaker Twitchell declared that the independent majority provided something that organized labor had been trying to get for years—an eight-hour day on public buildings and official recognition of the eight-hour day.

The minority report, he said, was foolish. It provided that no man could work on highway construction if there were more than five men in the crew, more than eight hours a day. Organized labor in all its contracts, he said, make no attempt to limit their members to eight hours, but provide overtime pay for more than eight hours, and make eight hours the basic day. Under the bill, he said, labor would be prevented from doing what organized labor provides members may do.

Farmers Pay Cost.

He said it would increase the cost of road construction materially, and that the farmer taxpayer would pay the freight.

Representative Kitchen declared the farmer didn't have an eight-hour day while Representative Vogel, Nonpartisan, said he thought that if the farmer counted up all the hours he worked during the year he probably "wouldn't exceed eight hours a day." The impression that farmers worked 15 hours a day wasn't true," he said.



"Made in America" opera is on the upgrade. After years of foreign domination Uncle Sam is supplying his own music. America is now eager to pay homage to native singers, whereas a short time back "Susie Smith of Missouri," had to change her name to "Alondora Foreignatprio" before music lovers in the United State would hear her. Look at this group of American singers now receiving the nation's plaudits: Top row (left to right) Miss Marie Rappold, soprano; Miss Cora Chase of Boston, who has been abroad for 10 years and has returned to her home land to sing at the Metropolitan Opera House; Miss Rosa Bonselle of Meriden, Conn., noted prima donna. (Bottom row) Dorothy Jardon, who met with success in De Koven's "The Wedding Trip"; Orville Harrold, starring as a tenor with the Metropolitan Opera Company; Charles Marshall of Auburn, Me., who is singing the role of Othello in Chicago, and has been suggested as Caruso's successor. (Left, standing) Miss Laura Nemeth, who has just returned from Italy where she met with huge success in the Scala Opera House in Milan. (Right, center) Geraldine Farrar.

Rep. Maddock, of Mountrail, and Rep. Patterson, Nonpartisan, spoke for the measure. D. E. Shipley, Independent, of Stark, who said he had been a member of organized labor for years, said he favored the eight-hour day on public buildings, but said the amendment would not be welcomed by labor or by the taxpayers. Carpenters and other men go into the country on school-house jobs because they can work long hours steadily till they finish, he said. The men who work on roads, if a great road construction program is undertaken in the state, will be laborers who come in for the summer, and he said he was not in favor of having the people of North Dakota pay a premium on road building for these men. He said it would also have the effect of increasing labor costs on the farm.

Session in the House.

A communication by the board of administration outlining the board's proposals for the abandonment of the state school of science at Wahpeton, the normal schools at Mayville and Ellendale and the state board of forestry at Wahpeton was read in the house. It was referred to the appropriations committee, and the abandoned schools would be converted into charitable and correctional institutions.

The senate joint resolution providing for \$150 expense money for each member of the present assembly was received by the house and immediately referred to the appropriations committee. The proposal apparently was received with disfavor in the house.

Opposition to the mill tax also was expressed when Representative Kitchen's bill providing for the reclassification of schools for the purpose of distributing state aid was up. The bill carried a three-tenths of one mill tax which Mr. Kitchen said was designed to raise the money that the budget board had recommended. Speaker Twitchell, sitting on the floor of the house as a member of the committee of the whole, objected strenuously to any measure carrying an appropriation going through the house without going to the appropriations committee. Representative Watt, chairman of the appropriations committee, took the same tax.

Oppose Mill Tax.

Indicating opposition to the mill tax Speaker Twitchell declared he thought that it was the duty of the legislature to keep its hands on the purse strings of the state. The bill was sent to the appropriations committee, which Saturday night cut out the mill levy and approved other features of the bill.

For Open Divorce Hearings.

Senator Church's bill making all divorce hearings public caused a sharp difference of opinion to be expressed when it came up Saturday afternoon in the senate for final passage and was passed.

Senator Church declared "publicity is the greatest factor in the repression of crime" and that therefore with the increasing divorce it was wise that this law should be passed so as to bring this power to bear. Senator Church said Governor Frazier favored it.

Senator Whitman, Grand Forks, wanted it referred to the judiciary committee, and when Senator Church asked why referred him to Senator Frazier, league chairman of the judiciary, who then explained that several judges had objected to it believing that it would drag much of that disagreeable uselessness out into public view.

Two Other Bills Pass.

The senate late Saturday afternoon passed two other important measures. They were:

Senator Garberg's bill permitting the court at its discretion to permit persons charged with homicide to be released on sufficient bail.

The third was the bill repealing the law permitting banks to apply deposits on depositor's indebtedness.

Governor Frazier's recommendation that physical training shall be taught in all schools getting state aid is carried out in Senator Baker's bill introduced Saturday afternoon.

Most of the measures offered carried appropriations, the legislative day which ended at 2 o'clock being the last day on which bills carrying an appropriation could be introduced.

Grove's
is the Only
Genuine
Laxative
Bromo
Quinine
tablets

The first and original Cold and Grip tablet, the merit of which is recognized by all civilized nations.

Be sure you get
BROMO

The genuine bears this signature
E. W. Grove
Price 30c.

TONIGHT
2
Big Features,
at the
Orpheum Theatre

2 BIG STARS 2

CONSTANCE BINNEY
and
LARRY SEMON

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Indicating opposition to the mill tax Speaker Twitchell declared he thought that it was the duty of the legislature to keep its hands on the purse strings of the state. The bill was sent to the appropriations committee, which Saturday night cut out the mill levy and approved other features of the bill.

For Open Divorce Hearings.

Senator Church's bill making all divorce hearings public caused a sharp difference of opinion to be expressed when it came up Saturday afternoon in the senate for final passage and was passed.

Senator Church declared "publicity is the greatest factor in the repression of crime" and that therefore with the increasing divorce it was wise that this law should be passed so as to bring this power to bear. Senator Church said Governor Frazier favored it.

Senator Whitman, Grand Forks, wanted it referred to the judiciary committee, and when Senator Church asked why referred him to Senator Frazier, league chairman of the judiciary, who then explained that several judges had objected to it believing that it would drag much of that disagreeable uselessness out into public view.

Two Other Bills Pass.

The senate late Saturday afternoon passed two other important measures. They were:

Senator Garberg's bill permitting the court at its discretion to permit persons charged with homicide to be released on sufficient bail.

The third was the bill repealing the law permitting banks to apply deposits on depositor's indebtedness.

Governor Frazier's recommendation that physical training shall be taught in all schools getting state aid is carried out in Senator Baker's bill introduced Saturday afternoon.

Most of the measures offered carried appropriations, the legislative day which ended at 2 o'clock being the last day on which bills carrying an appropriation could be introduced.

YOUTH SHOT IN MAN HUNT AT LUVERNE

Citizen's Posse Seeking Stabber Accidentally Kills Boy

Luverne, Minn., Jan. 31.—A 19-year-old youth was accidentally killed near Worthington today in an attack on a heavily armed man who last night stabbed and seriously wounded Miss Florence Martin, soon after she left a moving picture show here.

Police say Miss Martin said that her assailant was Harry Leneau, a young farmer living near Adrian, who had been attentive to her, and it was Leneau that the posse was conducting a diligent search for. They expect to capture him this afternoon.

ANOTHER DROP IN CRUDE OIL

Pittsburg, Jan. 31.—The principal oil-purchasing station here today announced a further reduction in the price of crude oil. Pennsylvania crude oil was cut 50 cents a barrel, bringing the new price to \$3 a barrel.

REDUCTION OF NAVY DEMANDED

Washington, Jan. 31.—Reduction of navy personnel to a maximum of 100,000 men, as compared with the possible 143,000 men, is provided for in the naval appropriation bill to be reported to the house tomorrow.

FIRE DAMAGES FARGO FIRMS

Fargo, Jan. 31.—Fire of unknown origin last night caused damage aggregating \$67,000 to various business establishments in a downtown building, according to estimates today.

BLAKEMORE ILL AT ST ALEXIUS HOSPITAL TODAY

Manager of Home Builders Association Stricken Saturday Afternoon

SLIGHT IMPROVEMENT

Fargo Man Has Suffered for Some Time With Affliction

Robert Blakemore, manager of the Home Builders' association, is in the St. Alexius hospital, seriously ill.

Mr. Blakemore was stricken Saturday afternoon about 5 o'clock while in his office conferring with two lumbermen. He was immediately rushed to the hospital, and his wife was called here from Fargo.

Mr. Blakemore is said to have been a sufferer from kidney trouble, and it was also feared that an operation for the removal of gall stones might have to be performed. He was in great pain after he was stricken.

Dr. G. R. Lipp, who is attending Mr. Blakemore, declares he showed slight improvement late this afternoon and that unless serious complications set in he would not be in danger.

STARK BANKERS GET TOGETHER

Form a County Association to Help in Financing New Crop

Dickinson, N. D., Jan. 31.—Organization of the Stark County Bankers' association was perfected at a meeting held in the directors' room of the Merchants National bank of Dickinson. The membership includes every bank in the county with the possible exception of one or two.

Officers were elected as follows: President, J. E. Skauge, cashier Dakota National bank, Dickinson; vice president, M. L. Ayers, vice president Merchants National bank, Dickinson; secretary and treasurer, John F. Schafer, cashier Farmers State bank, Richardson.

Advisory Board—H. E. Skauge, Dickinson; M. L. Ayers, Dickinson; John F. Schafer, Richardson; Herman Leutz, Taylor; B. O. Thorkelson, South Heart.

Prior to the business meeting the members enjoyed a sumptuous banquet tendered by the Dickinson bankers at the St. Charles hotel.

The need for a bankers' association was made necessary by the critical financial crisis which is now facing western North Dakota. Close cooperation will be necessary to finance the putting in of another crop by the farmers, to carry over past due paper and to seek ways and means of carrying school county and municipal warrants. Very little eastern money is available and the bankers face a grave problem in the financing of the several farming and business activities within the county.

Thursday, February 10th. **AUDITORIUM**
SEATS ON SALE AT HARRIS & CO, TUESDAY
The PLAY THAT BARES A WOMAN'S SOUL
With FLORENCE AND A BUNCH OF OTHERS
—REASONS WHY "THE BIRD OF PARADISE" HAS THE THEME THE PRODUCTION THE MUSIC
THE VOLCANO SCENE WITH

A fascinating love story depicting the necessities of mankind. Reveals the enchanting atmosphere settings are masterpieces of scenic art. Heightens the illusion by the plaintive music of a band of Hawaiians.

BUILDING OF MOTOR CAR OF POPULARITY IS WONDERFUL ACHIEVEMENT DODGE BROS. TOOK 6 YEARS TO REACH STANDARDS

There are many interesting incidents says M. E. Gilman, local distributor of Dodge Bros. cars, connected with the building and marketing of a motor car which has the popularity and general opinion of good value that surrounds Dodge Brothers car, in its ever growing circle of good will among owners and buyers.

Dodge Brothers, some six years ago, undertook to do something that had never been done before. They undertook to and did establish a standard of motor car value; a standard by which motor car value could be judged. They determined, first of all, they would not build a car to conform to a price, but, instead they would build a car to conform to an ideal which existed in their minds. They believed the public wanted a better car of a certain type; they believed the public wanted a car of a certain type that they could afford to buy; that would be safe to ride in; that would give them assurance of long life and economical service; a good looking, easy riding high grade car, at a low price. There was not such a car as that in the market at that time. Dodge Brothers undertook to and did build that kind of a car.

Dodge Brothers did not care that. They knew what the North Starter Generator would do for the hands of the car owners. On the report of their engineers decided to buy the Northeast Starter Generator. It cost more than other starter generator in the market by a wide margin, but it was cured because it was the best.

All Metal Body

Take the body. There had been an all-metal body commercially marketed. All bodies had been of wood and sheet metal, screws riveted together, squeaking, creaking, lived. Dodge Brothers conceived idea of building a body practically without joints, in that all joints electrically welded, without rivets without wood; a body that carry a permanent finish that not squeak, would not rattle, last, and at the same time, would conspicuously handsome. The from which these bodies were cost a quarter million dollars—a very investment, especially when one said it was not possible to

Illustrations

A few illustrations will show how they carried out their plans. For example, the radiator. All radiators up to that time had been made of brass. Mr. John Dodge inquired how much more efficient would the radiator be if its core was made of copper. On test, it proved to be six per cent more efficient than the same radiator made of brass. Mr. Dodge then said, "Our radiator will be made of copper." He did not ask how much more will it cost if made of copper; he asked, how much more efficient will it be if made of copper. He did not care what the cost was.

Another illustration is the starter generator. Dodge Brothers tried out the leading starter generators. There were many well known, high-grade starter generators in the market, the name of any one of which, in the specifications of a car, would have carried with it a feeling of confidence.

REDUCTION
In Tailored Suits
\$85 values now \$50.
\$75 values now \$45.
\$65 values now \$40.
\$50 to \$55 value \$37.
\$40 to \$45 value \$30.

TERMS CASH
Ending Feb. 28th, 1921
KLEIN
Tailor and Cleaner

AUCTION SALE
Owing to the fact that I must give up my location Feb. 10, 1921, I will sell my entire Stock of
Clothing and Furnishings
At Public Auction commencing Feb. 1st, Auction every afternoon 2:30, evening 7:30 until stock is all sold. This will be your opportunity to buy goods at your own price as nothing will be reserved.
Don't Forget the Time and Place
GEORGE H. COLEMAN
Phone 358 109 5th St., Bismarck
H. B. Neighbor, Auctioneer

THREE JOBS ARE ADDED THROUGH SENATE MEASURE

Upper Body of Assembly Passed Bill Broadening Pool Hall Inspection

All efforts of both independent and league members to convince the majority of the members of the body that amendments were necessary in S. B. 18 designed to increase the scope of the attorney general's licensing department, proved futile.

Senator Whitman of Grand Forks, who owns and operates a salt drink bottling works objected to the inclusion in the revised measure of "places where salt drinks are manufactured or sold, or where cigars or tobacco are sold," and moved to strike out that section of the bill. He insisted that bottling works were already inspected both as to the plant and as to having its products tested by the pure food department.

Senator Nathan moved to indefinitely postpone action on the bill. A motion to table this motion was killed, but the motion for postponement was also killed 24 to 13.

Senator Nathan then moved to amend the bill to make it read "or places where cigars, tobacco or cigarettes are sold," saying that while "I don't eat or chew or smoke tobacco, those that do ought to be allowed to choose their own kind of tobacco." This was killed.

The original Whitman resolution was deleted at length and killed 31 to 18. Whitman then moved that the words "are manufactured" be stricken from the bill and this was killed by a vote of 32 to 15.

Senator Bond of Minot moved to change the bill to provide for appointment of two deputy inspectors as in the present law, instead of five. This was also killed.

Senator Ingerson declared that in his opinion the cities and villages should have the right to license and regulate their own places of amusement, and moved to amend the bill so as to repeal it. He was ruled out of order by the chair.

On the vote on the final passage, the measure as amended in the ways and means committee was carried 35 to 14. The chair then applied.

The bill calls for the appointment of five instead of two deputy inspectors.

BISMARCK CLUB ENGINEERS ASK FOR MORE MONEY

Association Passes Resolutions Protesting Against Budget

The Bismarck club of the North Dakota Chapter of the American Association of Engineers, at its regular meeting Jan. 28th, 1921, endorsed the following resolution:

Resolved, that we, the Bismarck Club of the American Association of Engineers do hereby petition the State Chapter of the American Association of Engineers to protest against the inadequate budget for the State Highway Department as reported to the legislature by the Budget Board, for the following reasons:

1. The budget is insufficient. The design and construction of highways when done economically and efficiently requires the supervision of competent engineers. To build up a permanent organization of experienced engineers competent to supervise the building of highways that will be an asset to the state, salaries must be paid equal to those paid by similar organizations in other states. The salaries for supervising engineers, as recommended by the Budget Board, are lower than those paid by any state in the union having an efficient highway department.

2. The budget system is detrimental to the welfare of the highway department. (a) It is ineffectual. Engineering costs are directly proportionate to the cost of the work done. The majority of the State Highway Commission are financed by the appropriation of a fixed percentage of the money collected for highway improvement and maintenance. By this means of appropriating money the Highway Commission can pay salaries adequate to secure the type of engineers needed for the work contemplated. If the work called for high priced talent the commission can secure it.

(b) Good engineers demand good pay and will not work forever on pay that is not commensurate with their abilities. To build up the desired esprit-de-corps in the highway department the employees must be made to feel that they will be rewarded for efficient service to the highway department. Good roads cannot be built by a political organization.

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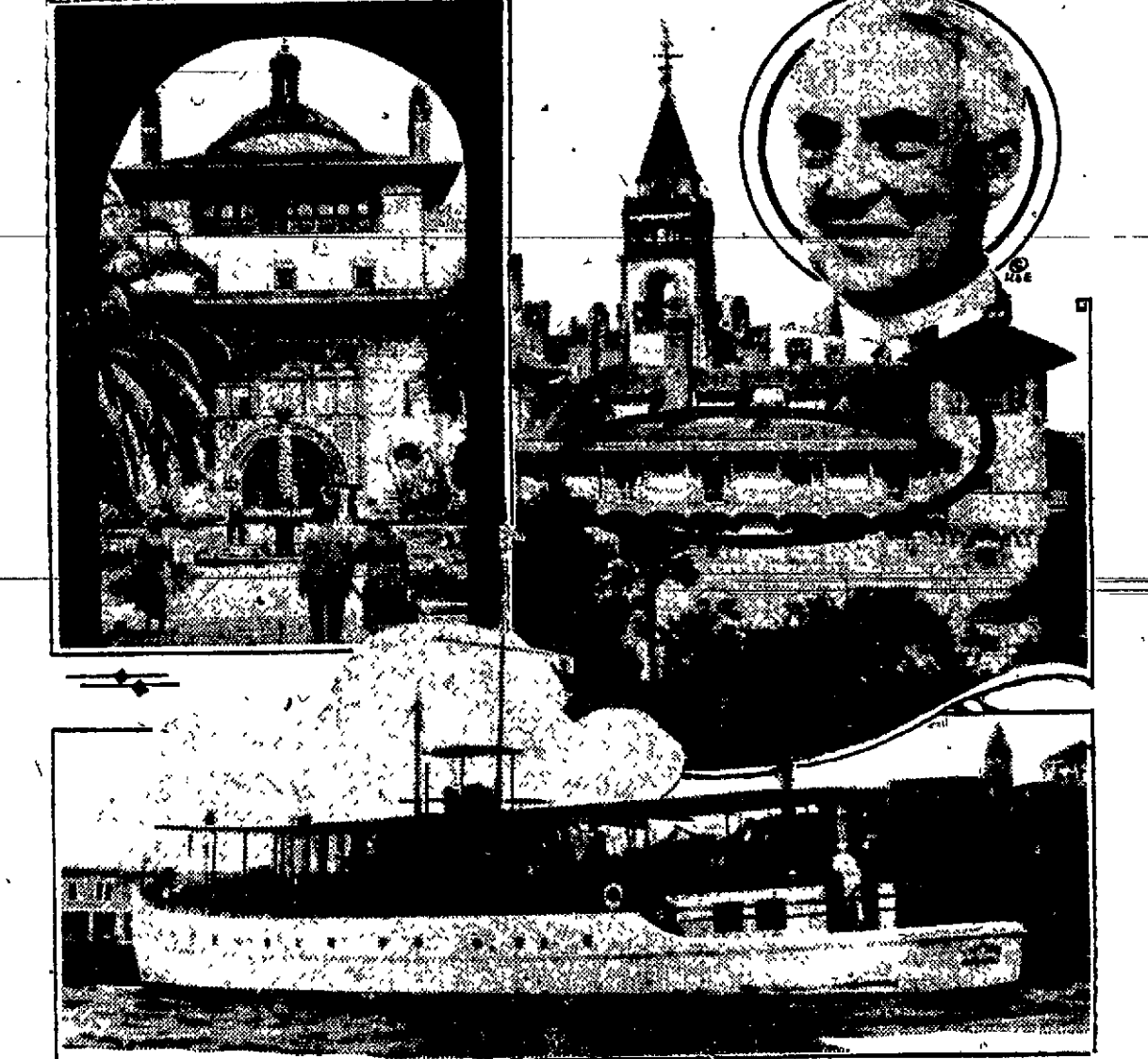
(b) Good engineers demand good pay and will not work forever on pay that is not commensurate with their abilities. To build up the desired esprit-de-corps in the highway department the employees must be made to feel that they will be rewarded for efficient service to the highway department. Good roads cannot be built by a political organization.

MORE OIL USED IN 1920

Washington, Jan. 29. Oil production in the United States in 1920 totaled 443,422,000 barrels, while consumption of oil in the United States reached the unprecedented total of 531,188,000 barrels. Despite the excess of consumption over production the end of the year showed a net increase in petroleum stocks of more than 10,000,000 barrels.

The figures on oil for the year 1920 were announced today by the geological survey.

WHERE HARDING IS SPENDING VACATION



These scenes show where President-elect Harding is spending his pre-inaugural vacation. On the left is the entrance to the Ponce de Leon Hotel, at St. Augustine, Fla. The "Harding wing" of the hotel is shown on the right, the arrow ring indicating Harding's suite with balcony overlooking a beautiful garden. Below is the luxurious yacht Victoria, owned by Senator Frelinghuysen and named for the senator's eldest daughter. It is 88 feet long and has two 50 h. p. engines and a wireless tower. Harding is expected to cruise until February and then return to the Ponce de Leon for most of that month.

SOUTH DAKOTA TO IMPROVE ITS HIGHWAYS

Graduated License Tax on Vehicles Suggested to Bring Revenue

St. Louis, S. D., Jan. 29.—South Dakota's highways will come in for their share of legislation at the present session of the state legislature, it is expected. But whether the lawmakers take action or not, something is expected to be done by the state early in the year in the way of providing for the construction and maintenance of good roads.

Comparatively, South Dakota has not in the past spent any great sum of money for highways. In the Black Hills, where highways must be carved out of solid rock, approximately 25 miles of highway have been built at a cost of \$50,000 per mile. One of these roads leads from Deadwood to Lead; another from Deadwood to Spearfish; and various sections of other highways—tunnels, cuts, etc.—make up the total mileage.

Many plans have been presented to the public for the construction and maintenance of good roads. Several counties have had the question before the voters in one way or another during the past few years. But no acceptable plan has been found thus far.

Now, however, leaders of various groups are inclined to pool their ideas and interests, and to come to some agreement whereby concerted action can be taken, and it is believed the best way to get such action is to put the matter before the entire state in one single proposition.

Of the various features of several plans made public, the Chambers plan to do away with the present individual tax on motor vehicles and to place a graduated license tax on all vehicles which make general use of the highways, is perhaps most prominent.

Another proposal contemplates the establishment of a federal-state system of highways and a county system. The federal-state system would embrace at least one east-and-west and one north-and-south highway across the state, each of which would connect the highways of neighboring states. This system would be constructed and maintained by the state, with such aid from the federal government as may now or later be provided.

WILL NOT REDUCE WAGES OF MINERS

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 29.—President John L. Lewis of the United Mine Workers of America, declared today that the organization would oppose any attempt to reduce wages of the miners. Wages for both bituminous and anthracite miners is fixed by contract to March 3, 1922.

WILL REFUSE ANY ALCOHOL

Chicago, Jan. 29.—Ralph Stone, prohibition director for this district, announced that henceforth no more alcohol would be delivered to five or more well-known patent medicine manufacturers.

Tradition says that the Civil War was hatched in the old St. Charles hotel in Washington.

CHARGE COTLOW WITH BLACKMAIL

Beulah, N. D., Jan. 29.—Sander Cotlow, a Beulah lawyer, is under arrest on blackmail charges preferred by P. S. Chaffee, a banker of this place.

Mr. Chaffee alleges that Mr. Cotlow threatened to use an affidavit charging that he had made indecent proposals to a woman, unless Mr. Cotlow paid over some money.

Instead of paying the money, Mr. Chaffee had the attorney arrested.

WILMOT LEAVES FOR CHICAGO IN NO. PACIFIC POST

Railroad Man Will Become District Passenger Agent for Railroad

H. A. Wilmot, who has been in Bismarck since during the war, will leave this week for Chicago where he will become district passenger agent for the Northern Pacific railroad, with Chicago and Chicago territory under his supervision.

Mr. Wilmot was with the Northern Pacific in Milwaukee before the war, and during the war was assigned to Bismarck, to handle troop movements and transportation of drafted men from the state. Later he was named special representative in North Dakota before the state railroad commission by the United States railroad administration and has been with the Northern Pacific since that time.

"I rather hate to leave North Dakota," said Mr. Wilmot. "When I came out here I didn't think I would like it, but this country grows on you. I like the people and the climate, and Bismarck is a remarkably nice city in which to live."

WILL LOAN TO HOME BUILDERS FROM PIERRE

South Dakota Will Introduce Bill to Remedy House Shortage

Pierre, S. D., Jan. 29.—Governor W. H. McMasters home building program for South Dakota will be contained in a bill to be introduced within a few days to the legislature. A home building amendment to the constitution was given a substantial majority by the people of the state at the last general election in November, and it now lies with the legislature to formulate and provide for way, whereby the state may loan money at a low rate of interest for this purpose.

The proposed bill will create a home building department at Pierre which will loan money to accredited citizens, in sums up to \$5000 for the purpose of building homes in the various towns and cities of the state. The borrower will be required to own the lot upon which the home is to be built and to have in cash a percentage of the cost of the building.

Upon making application for a loan, the municipality in which the home is to be erected will investigate the

need of the proposed residence, the character of the borrower and his ability to meet the obligation. A report of this investigation will be forwarded to the home building department. The department in turn will carry on a similar investigation and if this report is favorable will recommend that the money requested be loaned.

The bill will provide that the state assume no responsibility regarding the loan, after it has completed its investigation and provided the money, the possibility of loss reverting to the municipality in which the loan was made.

A provision for small monthly payments, about equal to moderate rentals is made. At the end of 12 years these monthly payments will complete payment of both the interest and principle on the loan.

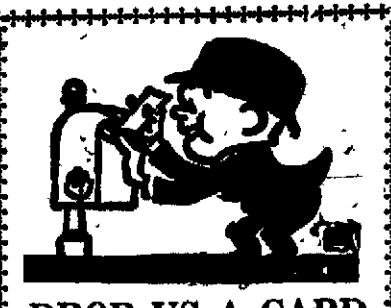
\$1,233.880 IS PAID TO STATE

Carrying out the decree of Judge Woodrough, of United States district court, the railroads operating in North Dakota have paid to the state treasurer, \$1,233.880 for taxes.

The case arose out of the increased valuation made by the state board of equalization on railroad property. In the decree Judge Woodrough held part of the increase valid, and part confiscatory.

It was announced at the time that the railroads were satisfied with the decision and would pay the tax.

The town of Koenigsberg, Germany, in 1553, celebrated bologna sausage as the national dish by making one 600 feet long.



DROP US A CARD

On that card just say that you are interested in insurance. Sign your name and give your address.

We will call and tell you about Hartford Fire Insurance and talk about your specific insurance question.

Only the safest and best insurance companies gain representation through our office.

Send a card today—or phone.

MURPHY

"The man who knows insurance" Bismarck, N. D.

LAST TIME TONIGHT

Gladys Walton in "PINK TIGHTS"

Here is really a big picture—because it strains a strain in harmony with the heart-strings, big because it touches depths of pathos and attains heights of sympathetic humor seldom reached through silent shadows. You'll love every star in this picture, even the children and the dog.

DON'T MISS THIS SPECIAL FEATURE

At the Orpheum Theatre

Chevrolet Cars and Parts

We make a specialty of filling mail orders for parts.

General Auto Repairing

Now is the time to have your car put in shape for spring. Work done by first class mechanics and satisfaction guaranteed.

Come in and See Us

The O. K. Garage

202 4th St. Phone 951

DODGE BROTHERS ROADSTER

Its preference is so pronounced that cars of two, three or four years' use are eagerly sought.

There are few of them in the market and they always command a high price.

The gasoline consumption is unusually low. The tire mileage is unusually high.

M. B. GILMAN CO.
212 Main Street Bismarck, N. D.

Order your Dodge Brothers Motor Car now for prompt Spring Delivery.

IS YOUR CAR Standing Out in the Snow Tonight?

If you are not using it this winter, would you be willing to pay \$10.00 to store it till spring? Or would you rather let the ice and rust get in their deadly work?

DO YOU USE YOUR CAR AND KEEP IT IN A COLD GARAGE?

If you do great care must be taken, as starting a motor cold condenses gasoline, burns out bearings, runs down batteries, and runs up garage bills. We can store your car in our heated garage on the Ground Floor in a Private Stall and Deliver at your home.

Corwin Motor Co.

Phone 700

FARM BUREAU CAMPAIGN WILL CLOSE TUESDAY

Manager Gustafson Says County Meetings Have Been Successful

MET HERE SATURDAY

First Number of State Organ of Federation Reaches Bismarck

The Burleigh county campaign to disseminate knowledge regarding the purposes of the American Farm Bureau Federation will end tomorrow with meetings at Baldwin, Painted Woods and Burnt Creek.

G. W. Gustafson, former county agent, who is in charge, declares that the meetings which have been held in every precinct of the county have been successful and that everything indicates a large membership will be enrolled when the campaign for members opens February 7.

The Bismarck meeting at the Auditorium Saturday afternoon was well attended. Dr. Don McMahon of the extension division of the Agricultural college gave the principal address.

He emphasized the work that the bureau had already done as showing conclusively its value. The defeat of the Nolan bill had saved farmers billions, he said. Clifford Thorpe, who is the head of the bureau's legislative and transportation committees, is one of the best informed railroad men in the country, he held. He gave him credit for securing last fall the distribution of 75,000 freight cars when they were badly needed.

At Still Tonight, Dr. McMahon and Mr. Gustafson will address a meeting this afternoon at Still, Burleigh county's farming city, and another at Reson this evening.

The first number of the North Dakota Farm Bureau News, the official state organ of the bureau, is out and the speakers are carrying copies with them.

Campaigns Under Way. Membership campaigns are now under way in thirty-five counties, according to the News, under the general plan to get at least 60 per cent of the farmers in each county so as to form an organization which will be truly representative of the farmers of the county.

The News also contains a statement of President Durdick's to the effect that the Farm Bureau is the last hope of agriculture.

Hope of Agriculture. "Agriculture in America during the past fifty years hasn't had a square deal," he says. "The calling has been regarded as a mental and no information of an authentic nature in regard to cost of production was presented to the public."

It quotes Dr. Ladd as follows: "Wheat will remain in the possession of the grower until it is actually delivered to the miller at home or abroad, under the wheat marketing plan proposed by the American Farm Bureau Federation."

Better Wool Grade. Another article declares that from the grading of the state wool pool, now half completed, it appears that the state wool has in the past been graded too low.

The basic principles of the bureau's taxation program are given as follows: The true measure of any man's ability to pay taxes must be based upon his actual income.

The larger the man's income, the higher the rate of taxation he must pay. Every citizen should have some part in the support of the government; hence the necessity for some degree of consumption tax.

In levying taxes the aim should be toward the distribution of wealth to

ward the many and not its concentration in the hands of a few.

LIMITED OPEN HUNTING SEASON IS BEING URGED

Devootees of Sport Protest Against Closed Season on Prairie Chickens

Efforts are being made by citizens who believe in a limited hunting season to convince members of the legislature that there ought to continue in effect a limited open season for shooting prairie chickens and ducks.

The opinion of the majority of the game and fish commission of the house now, apparently, is in favor of a closed season.

The sole reason being advanced at this time is that prairie chickens kill grasshoppers. This fact is disputed by persons who have made an investigation of the food bits chosen by prairie chickens. They live on berries and grain more than grasshoppers, it is claimed.

Prairie chickens have greatly increased in numbers with a limited hunting season. It is said one feature of the present law which hunters do not strongly oppose, but which many game wardens do, is the ban on hunting chickens with dogs. It is said that many chickens are lost by hunters who do not use dogs, and often they will shoot ten chickens before they get the limit of five.

Peters house bill provides a closed season on chickens and ducks during 1921 and 1922.

Other game bills include that of Senators Fraser and Ward, providing a closed season on deer until 1928 after which it is provided male deer may be hunted between Nov. 10 and Nov. 30. House bill No. 47, Lazier and Durkee, provides a closed season until 1923 on deer, after which male deer only may be hunted between Nov. 10 and Nov. 26.

WANTS HOMES FOR STUDENTS

A. F. Feland, principal of the Benson county agricultural and training school at Maddock, has been in Bismarck in the interest of the bill amending the present law so as to permit the building of dormitories both at Maddock and Park River, where a similar school is located.

The school, declares Mr. Feland, gives a regular high school course for farm boys and girls. It has shown a steady growth, having 101 pupils now in comparison with 51 two years ago.

ASSEMBLY HALF GONE; FEW LAWS TO BE ENACTED

(Continued from page 1) for them in standing in the way of adverse legislation. In getting the report on the audit of the state industries, in thoroughly investigating them and reserving their power to cut appropriations.

Fight on Report. The fight over the audit board report lasted three weeks. Many independent leaders regret that it took so much time, but they declared that they had to fight the Nonpartisans every step of the way to get what they believed the people wanted—a report on the industries made by people not conducting them and the verification or amplification of that report.

The Nonpartisans fought the plan at every step, not they claim, because they wanted to block a report, but because they wanted to get at the thing in a different manner. A very big effort was made to make it a joint affair with house and senate which, independents said, would have played the whole thing in administration control.

The forthcoming report of the Industrial Commission, they discount because they say it is being made by the managers of the state industries and it could not be expected to be other than as favorable as possible. And they deny that the investigation will be made with any other intent than getting the facts.

That the appropriation will be slashed goes without saying. Independent leaders in the house showed their attitude toward appropriations Saturday. Every appropriation measure they insist must go through the house appropriations committee. And Chairman Watt, of this body, is very emphatic in declaring that appropriations will be cut to the bone.

BILL FOR RURAL CREDITS GIVEN TO THE SENATE

Bond's Measure Would Provide New Method for Making Farm Loans by State

NO POLITICS IN IT

A rural credits bill was to be introduced in the state senate this afternoon by Senator Walter Bond of Minot.

The bill takes some of the main features of the South Dakota rural credits law, whereby a board loans money on real estate and sells mortgage bonds to cover the loans. The law is said to have proved successful in South Dakota.

The name of the board would be "North Dakota Rural Credits Board." Membership would be composed of the governor, ex-officio commissioner of agriculture, state treasurer and two appointive members, who may be removed by the governor.

The two members not officials are required by the bill to be "citizens of the state, persons of experience in finance, loaning money and determining real estate values, and shall be so selected that the appointees will not be persons who are members of or affiliated with the same political party or organization."

One member would be rural credit commissioner, his salary not over \$5,000 annually, and one a secretary, his salary not over \$3,000 annually. The commission's term would expire in 1923 and the secretary's in 1925.

May Sell Bonds. The bill provides that the board's duty is "to receive applications for farm loans, approve same and borrow money on good faith and credit of the state to be used in making farm loans or bonds payable by the state, being such rates of interest as may be fixed by the may be necessary."

Loans would be secured by first mortgage, to be repaid on the amortization plan by means of annual installments. Loans would be not less than five nor more than thirty years.

Loans might be made for purchase of land, equipment, livestock, improvements, etc.

No loan would exceed 50 per cent of the value of the insured property, plus 25 per cent of the insured value of improvements, provided loans to one person should not aggregate over 50 per cent of the total value or more than \$5,000 on one piece of property.

They would not be in excess of the average assessed valuation for the three preceding years.

No non-resident could get a loan. The minimum to one borrower would be \$500 and the maximum \$10,000.

MYSTERY MAN OF STARK IS PARALYZED

Dickinson, Jan. 31.—"J. C. R." mystery man of Stark county, who endeavored to prove that he was heir to the J. H. Caldwell estate, will pass the remainder of his life unable to speak or to use the muscles of his right side, according to a statement made by Dr. Henry Zimmerman, St. Paul brain specialist, following a recent examination of the man's head.

Dr. Zimmerman states that no medical aid can be given "J. C. R." as a portion of the skull has been pressed into the brain case so long that the cells are dead and medical science knows no means of restoring them.

The mystery man recently made a trip from St. Paul to Duluth with his former wife's second husband, L. V. Zimmerman, and is said to have taken him to the spot and to have enacted the assault he alleges was made upon him by his former business partner. He charges it was this assault which injured his brain.

"J. C. R." attracted much notoriety in Stark county when he attempted to establish his identity as J. Allen Caldwell, heir to the J. H. Caldwell estate, in the courts. He failed to prove his claims, however, and since that time has been making his home in Minneapolis or with his former wife at Duluth.

WHEAT PRICES SHOW STRENGTH

Chicago, Jan. 31.—Wheat prices developed considerable strength today. Opening quotations varied from discounts to one and a quarter cents lower. It was followed by moderate advance and then a sharp upturn.

Subsequently talk of the German rejection of the allied terms together with rejection of export business with a break in Argentine prices caused a drop. The close was heavy, two to two and three-quarters cents lower.

RUST-CANADIAN WHEAT INTO U. S.

Portals N. D. Jan. 31.—Nine hundred cars of Canadian wheat have passed through Portal to the United States since January 1, according to railroad officials here. Possibility of an import duty on wheat is believed to have caused the rush in shipping.



MARY A. VITCHESTAIN

GIRL, 13, EVANGELIST.—Pittsburg marvels at the sermons of Mary Agnes Vitchestain, 13-year-old evangelist. She has been preaching since she was nine, and can quote whole chapters from the Bible. She is a member of the Mt. Washington Baptist church.

\$60,000,000 IN BONDS ARE SOLD AT A PREMIUM

New York, Jan. 31.—The \$60,000,000 Pennsylvania railroad bond issue was all gone by 9:15 a. m. on the day it was offered last week. It was one of the quickest transactions in the recent record. Of course there was a heavy oversubscription and as against the offered price of 99 1/2, the bonds were 100 1/4 later in the day. There is no difference in the security of these new 4 1/4 per cent bonds from that of the 8 per cent issue brought out last spring. Both are backed up by Pennsylvania general mortgage 6s, and in the case of the present issue there is an additional cover of \$6,000,000 general mortgage 6 per cent bonds of the Philadelphia, Baltimore & Washington. The older Pennsylvania bonds which had broken quite sharply yesterday did not move today when the new 4 1/4 per cent bonds were offered.

The general mortgage 4 1/2 per cent bonds sold at 80, the 5 per cent bonds rallied to 90 from 89, while the 7s were steady at 104 as against yesterday's low at 103.

"EARTH MOVING TO SOUTH CAUSE OF MILD WINTER"

Dickinson, Jan. 31.—Did some one forget to grease the axis of the earth and thereby cause that planet to shift its course several hundred miles to the southward? This is the reason one prognosticator gave to J. H. Daly, Dickinson pioneer, for the beautiful winter weather that the Slope residents are enjoying.

Daly, who came to Dickinson with the railroad and has resided here almost continuously since, states that this is the first winter that he has ever seen in Dakota with the possible exception of the winter of 1881, when the weather was much the same.

Thursday, the meteorologists about town registered as high as 76 above during the afternoon and straw hats and shirtsleeves were the prevailing styles among men. Members of the Dickinson Gun Club took advantage of the exceptional weather and held a trap shoot.

The absence of snow has left the ranges open and cattle are doing better at this season than they have for years.

Pictures—Picture frames, hand painted China, half price at Breslow's Drug Store.

WEATHER REPORT. For twenty-four hours ending at noon Jan. 31. Temperature at T. H. M. . . . 4 Highest yesterday . . . 12 Lowest yesterday . . . 0 Lowest last night . . . 8 Precipitation . . . Trace Highest wind velocity . . . 11-SE Forecast: For North Dakota. Partly cloudy and somewhat unsettled tonight and Tuesday, not much change in temperature.

KULM DEFEATED. Wishek N. D. Jan. 31.—The local high school basketball team, after having been defeated by the Kulm high school team a week ago at Kulm by a score of 25 to 9, turned the tables and defeated Kulm January 27 by a score of 25 to 23.

MARKETS

SOUTH ST. PAUL LIVESTOCK. Hog market . . . 460-480-500-520-540-560-580-600-620-640-660-680-700-720-740-760-780-800-820-840-860-880-900-920-940-960-980-1000-1020-1040-1060-1080-1100-1120-1140-1160-1180-1200-1220-1240-1260-1280-1300-1320-1340-1360-1380-1400-1420-1440-1460-1480-1500-1520-1540-1560-1580-1600-1620-1640-1660-1680-1700-1720-1740-1760-1780-1800-1820-1840-1860-1880-1900-1920-1940-1960-1980-2000-2020-2040-2060-2080-2100-2120-2140-2160-2180-2200-2220-2240-2260-2280-2300-2320-2340-2360-2380-2400-2420-2440-2460-2480-2500-2520-2540-2560-2580-2600-2620-2640-2660-2680-2700-2720-2740-2760-2780-2800-2820-2840-2860-2880-2900-2920-2940-2960-2980-3000-3020-3040-3060-3080-3100-3120-3140-3160-3180-3200-3220-3240-3260-3280-3300-3320-3340-3360-3380-3400-3420-3440-3460-3480-3500-3520-3540-3560-3580-3600-3620-3640-3660-3680-3700-3720-3740-3760-3780-3800-3820-3840-3860-3880-3900-3920-3940-3960-3980-4000-4020-4040-4060-4080-4100-4120-4140-4160-4180-4200-4220-4240-4260-4280-4300-4320-4340-4360-4380-4400-4420-4440-4460-4480-4500-4520-4540-4560-4580-4600-4620-4640-4660-4680-4700-4720-4740-4760-4780-4800-4820-4840-4860-4880-4900-4920-4940-4960-4980-5000-5020-5040-5060-5080-5100-5120-5140-5160-5180-5200-5220-5240-5260-5280-5300-5320-5340-5360-5380-5400-5420-5440-5460-5480-5500-5520-5540-5560-5580-5600-5620-5640-5660-5680-5700-5720-5740-5760-5780-5800-5820-5840-5860-5880-5900-5920-5940-5960-5980-6000-6020-6040-6060-6080-6100-6120-6140-6160-6180-6200-6220-6240-6260-6280-6300-6320-6340-6360-6380-6400-6420-6440-6460-6480-6500-6520-6540-6560-6580-6600-6620-6640-6660-6680-6700-6720-6740-6760-6780-6800-6820-6840-6860-6880-6900-6920-6940-6960-6980-7000-7020-7040-7060-7080-7100-7120-7140-7160-7180-7200-7220-7240-7260-7280-7300-7320-7340-7360-7380-7400-7420-7440-7460-7480-7500-7520-7540-7560-7580-7600-7620-7640-7660-7680-7700-7720-7740-7760-7780-7800-7820-7840-7860-7880-7900-7920-7940-7960-7980-8000-8020-8040-8060-8080-8100-8120-8140-8160-8180-8200-8220-8240-8260-8280-8300-8320-8340-8360-8380-8400-8420-8440-8460-8480-8500-8520-8540-8560-8580-8600-8620-8640-8660-8680-8700-8720-8740-8760-8780-8800-8820-8840-8860-8880-8900-8920-8940-8960-8980-9000-9020-9040-9060-9080-9100-9120-9140-9160-9180-9200-9220-9240-9260-9280-9300-9320-9340-9360-9380-9400-9420-9440-9460-9480-9500-9520-9540-9560-9580-9600-9620-9640-9660-9680-9700-9720-9740-9760-9780-9800-9820-9840-9860-9880-9900-9920-9940-9960-9980-10000-10020-10040-10060-10080-10100-10120-10140-10160-10180-10200-10220-10240-10260-10280-10300-10320-10340-10360-10380-10400-10420-10440-10460-10480-10500-10520-10540-10560-10580-10600-10620-10640-10660-10680-10700-10720-10740-10760-10780-10800-10820-10840-10860-10880-10900-10920-10940-10960-10980-11000-11020-11040-11060-11080-11100-11120-11140-11160-11180-11200-11220-11240-11260-11280-11300-11320-11340-11360-11380-11400-11420-11440-11460-11480-11500-11520-11540-11560-11580-11600-11620-11640-11660-11680-11700-11720-11740-11760-11780-11800-11820-11840-11860-11880-11900-11920-11940-11960-11980-12000-12020-12040-12060-12080-12100-12120-12140-12160-12180-12200-12220-12240-12260-12280-12300-12320-12340-12360-12380-12400-12420-12440-12460-12480-12500-12520-12540-12560-12580-12600-12620-12640-12660-12680-12700-12720-12740-12760-12780-12800-12820-12840-12860-12880-12900-12920-12940-12960-12980-13000-13020-13040-13060-13080-13100-13120-13140-13160-13180-13200-13220-13240-13260-13280-13300-13320-13340-13360-13380-13400-13420-13440-13460-13480-13500-13520-13540-13560-13580-13600-13620-13640-13660-13680-13700-13720-13740-13760-13780-13800-13820-13840-13860-13880-13900-13920-13940-13960-13980-14000-14020-14040-14060-14080-14100-14120-14140-14160-14180-14200-14220-14240-14260-14280-14300-14320-14340-14360-14380-14400-14420-14440-14460-14480-14500-14520-14540-14560-14580-14600-14620-14640-14660-14680-14700-14720-14740-14760-14780-14800-14820-14840-14860-14880-14900-14920-14940-14960-14980-15000-15020-15040-15060-15080-15100-15120-15140-15160-15180-15200-15220-15240-15260-15280-15300-15320-15340-15360-15380-15400-15420-15440-15460-15480-15500-15520-15540-15560-15580-15600-15620-15640-15660-15680-15700-15720-15740-15760-15780-15800-15820-15840-15860-15880-15900-15920-15940-15960-15980-16000-16020-16040-16060-16080-16100-16120-16140-16160-16180-16200-16220-16240-16260-16280-16300-16320-16340-16360-16380-16400-16420-16440-16460-16480-16500-16520-16540-16560-16580-16600-16620-16640-16660-16680-16700-16720-16740-16760-16780-16800-16820-16840-16860-16880-16900-16920-16940-16960-16980-17000-17020-17040-17060-17080-17100-17120-17140-17160-17180-17200-17220-17240-17260-17280-17300-17320-17340-17360-17380-17400-17420-17440-17460-17480-17500-17520-17540-17560-17580-17600-17620-17640-17660-17680-17700-17720-17740-17760-17780-17800-17820-17840-17860-17880-17900-17920-17940-17960-17980-18000-18020-18040-18060-18080-18100-18120-18140-18160-18180-18200-18220-18240-18260-18280-18300-18320-18340-18360-18380-18400-18420-18440-18460-18480-18500-18520-18540-18560-18580-18600-18620-18640-18660-18680-18700-18720-18740-18760-18780-18800-18820-18840-18860-18880-18900-18920-18940-18960-18980-19000-19020-19040-19060-19080-19100-19120-19140-19160-19180-19200-19220-19240-19260-19280-19300-19320-19340-19360-19380-19400-19420-19440-19460-19480-19500-19520-19540-19560-19580-19600-19620-19640-19660-19680-19700-19720-19740-19760-19780-19800-19820-19840-19860-19880-19900-19920-19940-19960-19980-20000-20020-20040-20060-20080-20100-20120-20140-20160-20180-20200-20220-20240-20260-20280-20300-20320-20340-20360-20380-20400-20420-20440-20460-20480-20500-20520-20540-20560-20580-20600-20620-20640-20660-20680-20700-20720-20740-20760-20780-20800-20820-20840-20860-20880-20900-20920-20940-20960-20980-21000-21020-21040-21060-21080-21100-21120-21140-21160-21180-21200-21220-21240-21260-21280-21300-21320-21340-21360-21380-21400-21420-21440-21460-21480-21500-21520-21540-21560-21580-21600-21620-21640-21660-21680-21700-21720-21740-21760-21780-21800-21820-21840-21860-21880-21900-21920-21940-21960-21980-22000-22020-22040-22060-22080-22100-22120-22140-22160-22180-22200-22220-22240-22260-22280-22300-22320-22340-22360-22380-22400-22420-22440-22460-22480-22500-22520-22540-22560-22580-22600-22620-22640-22660-22680-22700-22720-22740-22760-22780-22800-22820-22840-22860-22880-22900-22920-22940-22960-22980-23000-23020-23040-23060-23080-23100-23120-23140-23160-23180-23200-23220-23240-23260-23280-23300-23320-23340-23360

FORMER LOCAL TEACHER GETS IOWA POSITION

George T. Bresnahan Is Offered
Position as Coach at Iowa
University

George D. Bresnahan, cross-country coach at Wisconsin university and formerly a teacher in the Bismarck high school, has resigned to become track coach at Iowa university. An article in the Daily Cardinal, published by Wisconsin university, says "George T. Bresnahan, 34, cross-country coach, will leave the university about February 15 to become track coach at Iowa university. Word of the promotion, which adds another Wisconsin coach to the already large number in the Western conference, was received last yesterday by Tom Jones, track coach, from Mr. Bresnahan, who went to Iowa City last week to investigate the offer.

In Department Two Years.
"Mr. Bresnahan has been with the athletic department for the past two years, acting in the capacity of cross-country coach and assistant track coach. Previous to his appointment here he was teaching at Bismarck, N. D. He graduated from Wisconsin in 1914 and was captain of the cross-country team that year.

Studied Methods Abroad.
"Mr. Bresnahan returned last fall from Europe, where he attended the Olympic games during August at Antwerp, Belgium. While on the trip he visited in several countries, taking note of the track methods employed by the leading athletes.

"The successor to the present cross-country coach has not yet been chosen, Mr. Jones states. The new official will very likely be a Wisconsin man, he further says. The announcement will be made in the near future."

VAN HOOK WINS ANOTHER GAME

Van Hook, Jan. 31.—The fast Van Hook basketball team has won another big victory in the defeat of Washburn on the Washburn floor Friday night by the close score of 35 to 34.

VALLEY CITY IN MANDAN VICTORY

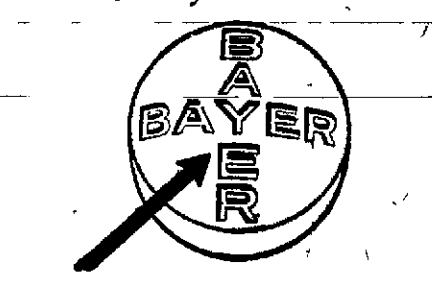
Valley City defeated Mandan, 15 to 14, at basket ball in Mandan Saturday night. The game followed Valley City's victory over Bismarck high school here on Friday night, 20 to 16. Jamestown was defeated, 25 to 14, by Fargo high school, at Fargo Saturday night.

"Had His Fill of Co-op. Newspapers"

Napoleon, N. D., Jan. 31.—C. L. Bodwell, of Helena, Mont., who formerly was with the Logan County Farmer, has written an unusual letter to the editor of the Homestead Independent paper.

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine



Beware! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for twenty-one years and proved safe by millions. Take Aspirin only as told in the Bayer package for Colds, Headaches, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago, and for Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve Bayer Tablets of Aspirin cost few cents. Drugists also sell larger packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylic Acid.

**SHIP YOUR
Hides-Furs**

Deal Direct with the
**Largest and Oldest
House in the West**

Highest Prices and Immediate
Cash Returns. Write for price
list, tags and full information.

**D. BERGMAN & CO.
ST. PAUL-MINN.**



WOULD YOU?—Little Frances Whitehall of New York, loves her pet duck more than ever. It topped first prize, in competition with dozens of ducks at the Madison Square Poultry Show in New York City.

SMUGGLERS RUN WILD

Traffic Carried on Huge Scale on
German Border.

Customs Officials Are in Plots and
Government Is Unable to
Check Evil.

Berlin.—Smuggling over the Dutch and Danish frontiers, which the German government had gone to great effort to suppress, again is flourishing "on a colossal scale," and at some points with the full knowledge and connivance of many government officials, according to reports reaching here.

MRS. TWO BEARS HEADS CHAPTER

St. Yutes, N. D., Jan. 31.—Cannon Ball chapter of American War Mothers, composed of mothers of Indian soldiers have elected officers as follows: President, Mrs. Annie Two Bears; vice-president, Mrs. Herbie Elk; secretary-treasurer, Mrs. James East Horse; secretary, Mrs. Annie Eagle Boy. Two men advisers selected were Basil Two Bears and Paul East Horse.

SOME EARRINGS!



Count 'em. Forty on each ear. It is one of the big customs of the "Garo Fille" tribe in India for a warrior's widow to wear these unique earrings as a means of showing her sorrow.

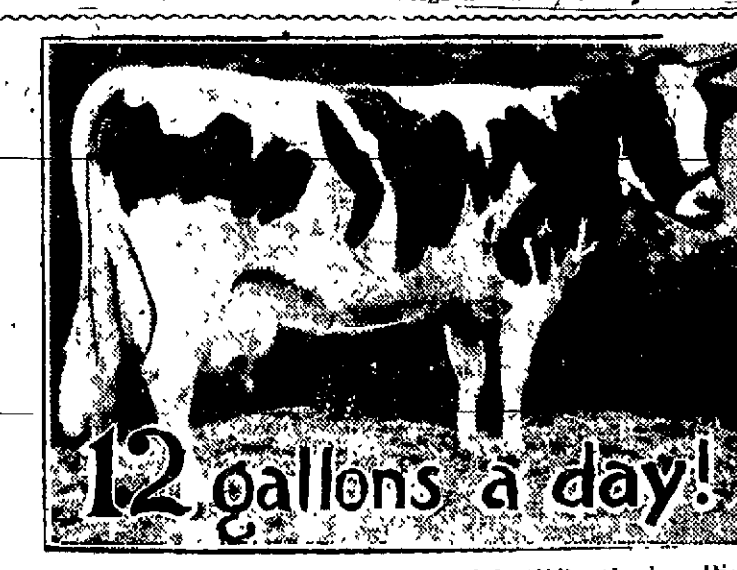
GREENLAND IS MOVING WEST

Danish Scientists Figure It Has Traveled
875 Miles in 100,000
Years.

Copenhagen.—Greenland is slowly moving in a westerly direction. According to observations made in 1007 by J. P. Koch of the Danish Mylius-Erichsen scientific expedition, Greenland was three minutes further west than in 1870, when a German expedition made astronomical observations. In both instances the same northern latitude was found. Therefore, Greenland moved west 1,883 yards in 87 years.

The first observation of the longitude of Greenland was made in 1823. Comparing the findings in 1823 and 1870 one arrives at the conclusion that Greenland "wandered" ten yards westerly every year. That tends to show that Greenland and Norway, now about 875 miles apart, once were connected, the separation taking place 30,000 or 100,000 years ago.

No woman has entered the convent of St. Catherine, on Mount Sinai, for more than 1400 years.



12 gallons a day!

WORLD'S CHAMPION PRODUCER—Segis Pietertje Prospect—that's this cow's name—has produced 37,381.4 pounds of milk in one year's time. Her daily production is about 32 gallons. At the Carnation stock farms, Oconomowoc, Wis., where Segis lives, it is stated this is a new world record.

JEW FLOCKING TO PALESTINE

Are Coming From All Corners of
the Globe.

THEIR PROBLEMS OUTLINED

General Secretary of the Zionist Organization Issues Statement Telling of the Progress That Has Been Made—Program to Handle "Pioneers" Was Formed at Conference of Central European Bureaus—Enthusiasm of the Jews Is Growing.

Representatives of all the Jewish emigration bureaus in central Europe met recently at Maerich Ostrau on the border between Poland and Czechoslovakia and adopted a program to provide for the rush of Jews returning to Palestine. The conference was called by Mr. Landmann, general secretary of the Zionist organization of London. Mr. Landmann afterward issued a statement in which he said that Jews from the remote corners of the globe are arriving in Palestine, and in which he outlined the problems which must be met. The statement reads:

"The movement of Jews to Palestine is no new phenomenon. For centuries in fact ever since the destruction of the temple in 70 A. D.—there have been individuals who felt the call, and on several occasions whole groups have taken the wanderer's staff in hand, and made the pilgrimage to Palestine. But it has been reserved for our own times to see the beginning of a national return, of the rebirth of a people after so many centuries of waiting and hoping.

"The Balfour declaration was interpreted by the simple folk in this part of the world as the establishment of a Jewish state and an open invitation to all to come. Many sold their belongings and set out on foot in the midst of war conditions. Very few reached their haven; military exigencies kept the gates of Palestine closed, even to the Jew.

Good Class of Pioneers.

"The actual migration was compelled to wait until the political future of the country was finally settled at San Remo last April. The reports read at the conference by the delegates who were in charge of the Palestine bureaus in Poland and Vienna show that after San Remo the number grew enormously. The aggravated political conditions in Poland also contributed to hasten the decision of those who had half resolved to go. Between the months of May and September about 50,000 persons registered their names as ready to undertake the journey.

"The class of these pioneers is very good. They are almost exclusively young men and women—about 30 per cent are women—between the ages of seventeen and twenty-five. They are called by the Hebrew name 'Chalutzim,' meaning 'pioneers.' They have been preparing for their future life's work in various ways. Many have left their schools and colleges and gone to till the soil with their own hands in order to be prepared.

"Apart from these purely agricultural pioneers, there are others who are being trained as bricklayers, masons, tinmiths, plumbers and in all other branches of the building trades. The crying need of Palestine is for houses and shelter for all the new arrivals.

"In addition to the knowledge of a handicraft, Hebrew speaking is an indispensable part of the curriculum. Between 70 and 80 per cent of all who leave for Palestine can speak Hebrew. I was myself in Palestine two months ago, and visited the settlements of some of the newly arrived 'Chalutzim,' and was greatly impressed with them—the men as well as the women.

"Many came from well-to-do families and had not been accustomed to hard manual work. Yet they cheerfully cleared the stones from the soil in the broiling sun and planted seedlings for the future fruits of Palestine.

Many in Need of Funds.

"There are hundreds of thousands like them yet in central and eastern Europe and the great problem is to transfer them to Palestine. There are two main difficulties to overcome. The first is due to the economic ruin of central and eastern Europe. In ordinary times most of these pioneers would have a tolerable sum of money at their disposal for the journey, and for their first settlement in Palestine. Today the German and Polish mark and Austrian and Hungarian crown and Russian ruble are so low that comparatively wealthy persons have to ask for assistance to pay their passage.

"The other difficulty is due to the condition of Palestine. The land has been desolate for so many years that it cannot be rendered fit for habitation without the expenditure of millions. The enthusiasm among the Jews all over the world is growing, and I am confident that in a very few years we shall see a strong and thriving Jewish population in Palestine. The well-to-do will establish factories when once the foundations are laid."

Corn Used as Fuel in Colorado.

Corn on the cob is being utilized as fuel in eastern Colorado by farmers, who say they cannot afford to pay transportation costs and sell their crops at the present market prices without suffering a loss. The corn is cheaper, they say, than coal at \$10 a ton, plus the hauling.

Andrew Carnegie Left a Pension Fund of \$25,000 a Year for Ex-presidents of the United States

Chicago has a snow loading machine which does the work of 12 trucks and 60 men.



WHY BE THE MILKMAN'S GOAT?

Women of Covington, Ky., have the milkman's goat. They have formed the "Milk Goat Club" and have taken the high cost out of milk. A goat like that of Mrs. W. G. McNay, shown above, produces from two to four quarts of milk a day and costs very little to feed.

LEGION PLAY FILLED WITH FUNNY SCENES

"Laugh and the world laughs with you." When Ella Wheeler Wilcox wrote that line she expressed a great truth. This is especially exemplified in the theatrical world where the great laugh producers like Charlie Chaplin, Fatty Arbuckle, Douglas Fairbanks, and other comedians are the world's favorites but the stage crepe hangers whose only mission seems to be to make people unhappy are soon relegated to oblivion.

The Lloyd Spetz Post No. 1 of the American Legion realizing that the public want genuine amusement, are now arranging to present the funniest comedy ever written, "Are You a Mason" or "How Father Joined the Lodge" at the auditorium Tuesday, Feb. 8th, at both matinee and night performances.

Everyone who enjoys bright, clean, snappy up-to-date comedies will be pleased with this production, and the entertainment committee have no hesitancy in guaranteeing that all who attend will be more than satisfied.

for their outlay of time and money. A big laugh from start to finish is assured and no one should miss it.

Women in China dress less extravagantly than the men.

IT FILLS THE NEED

When your doctor decides that you need

Scott's Emulsion

you may rest assured that he knows that it will fill the need better than anything else.

Scott & Bowne, Bismarck, N. D.

ALSO MAKERS OF

KI-MOIDS

(Tablets or Granules)

FOR INDIGESTION

We have more calls for Bank Assistants than we can supply. If a good

BANK POSITION

ever appealed to you, look through the Banking room at the Bismarck College. Conceded among the best equipped College banks in the country. Here the student learns to do by doing. It is real banking, using college money, and real bank accounting, up-to-date.

We make a specialty of training young men and women for the higher-salaried bookkeeping and stenographic positions. Send for particulars. When you know what we have done for thousands of others, you will attend.

Write G. M. Langum, Pres. Bismarck College, Bismarck, N. Dak.

BURNS
Cover with wet baking soda—
afterward apply gently—
VICKS
VAPORUB
Over 17 Million Jars Used Yearly

BATTERY SERVICE
EXCLUSIVE ELECTRICAL SPECIALISTS
Service and parts for Delco, Remy, Northeast and Auto Lite starters, Bosch, Elsemann and K-W Magnets, Exide and Minnesota batteries, and Klaxon horns.
ELECTRIC SERVICE & TIRE CO.
Bismarck, N. Dak.

READERS ENTITLED TO BOTH SIDES OF ANY QUESTION ELSE PROGRESS BY INDEPENDENT THOUGHT IS IMPOSSIBLE

You frequently hear it said in some such way as this:

"What I object to, and where I think too many newspapers avoid their responsibility is printing opinions as news; for then they take away from the public, that must depend upon the newspaper for the major part of its information, the basis for founding that independent opinion without which the best progress is impossible."

A newspaper's first function is to print the news.

Its views are of secondary importance, but news is the chief commodity which the reader buys.

The Tribune's policy is to carry the news to the people every evening without fear or favor in local, state and national affairs.

IT HAS NO POLITICAL AMBITIONS TO SERVE.
IT IS THE SERVANT OF NO VESTED INTERESTS.

IT INTENDS TO BE INDEPENDENT IN THE HANDLING OF NEWS, HEWING TO THE LINE AND LETTING THE CHIPS FALL WHERE THEY MAY.

If you want to buy news rather than propaganda—join the ever increasing circle of Tribune readers.

North Dakota's oldest newspaper.

Not a class organ, but dedicated to the best interests of Bismarck, North Dakota and the nation.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

By Carrier in Bismarck, per month	.60
By Mail in Bismarck, per month	.60
By Mail outside City Limits and in state at large, a year	\$5.00
Outside North Dakota, per year	\$6.00

"Always Busy"

Johnson's
POPULAR PRICED
STORE

The Store that has brought the low prices to Bismarck. Mr. Johnson has just returned from New York City and as usual has made some wonderful purchases. Here are a few examples:

Dresses

LADIES ALL WOOL
MEN'S WEAR SERGE
AND FRENCH SERGE,
WOOL TRICOTINE

DRESSES. We bought all that the manufacturer had as he needed the money and we bought them at our own price. Your choice of the entire lot

12.50

Skirts

Ladies very fine French serge accordeon pleated skirts in Navy Blue, worth up to \$19.75 each, styles direct from New York. Your choice

8.50

Spring Suits

Direct from New York. 100 suits to choose from. These suits are fully worth up to \$59.50, our price

29.50

Alterations free of charge.

If you are in need of a new spring bonnet or hat we have them here by the hundred. Styles direct from New York. Special

Prices
4.75

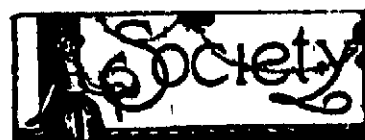
and up

Johnson's
"Always Busy"
Store

For Hosiery

Come and see our big hosiery specials.

All \$3.50 Phoenix Pure Silk Hose special at only \$2.25



SOCIETY IN MANDAN.

A series of enjoyable social affairs is on in our neighboring city of Mandan. On Saturday afternoon Mrs. Joseph P. Hess, Mrs. L. J. Borkenhagen and Mrs. T. A. Tavis entertained at a 1 o'clock luncheon at the home of Mrs. Hess, followed by an afternoon of whist at which seven tables were in play. The decoration scheme was in pink and white, carried out by carnations in pink and white, with pink candles and shades.

The second of the series will be held at the home of Mrs. Borkenhagen on Wednesday next, when Mrs. Borkenhagen and Mrs. Hess will entertain, and a third of the series will be given by Mrs. Hess at her home on Saturday afternoon of this week.

PARTY BY TRUCK.

A jolly party of young people went across the river on Saturday night to see the basketball game between Mandan and Valley City.

The Bismarck delegation reports this the prize game of the year. They tied four times during the game. At the end of the first half they stood at six to six. At the last seven minutes of the time they stood fourteen to fourteen. After resting two minutes they played five minutes in which Valley City made one point by personal foul. Never say the young people, was there such intense excitement over a high school game, and the audience came away feeling that they had been given a first rate game.

HEAR MRS. JONES OF LISBON. Immediately following the meeting of the W. C. T. U. in the community room of the city library on Tuesday afternoon, all club women of the Bismarck and many others interested, are urged to come to the community room at half past four, to hear Mrs. E. A. Jones of Lisbon discuss the great need of a school for crippled children in this state. Mrs. Jones will present an appeal that must arouse all who come to hear the message.

PRESBYTERIAN AID SOCIAL. The quilting committee of the Presbyterian Ladies' Aid will give a social in the church parlors on Wednesday afternoon, Feb. 2. The entertainment will be quite unique and everybody is invited.

CITY NEWS

Baby Boy. Mr. and Mrs. Carl Polliver, 310 South Eighth street, are the parents of a baby boy born yesterday.

W. C. T. U. Meets. The W. C. T. U. will hold their regular meeting in the community room of the city library on Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

It's a Boy. Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Crane, 412 Fifth street, are the proud parents of a baby boy, born Sunday. Mother and son are doing nicely.

Gives Stag Party. Tony Thompson, messenger to the governor, gave a stag Friday night for Governor Frazier, his secretary.

EFFECTIVE FROCK OF DYED LACE



Just how effective a frock all of silk lace can be, especially if it is of a silvery gray is illustrated by this frock which Myrtle Tauschill of "The Broken Wren" is wearing.

There is a foundation of gray silk, a tone or two deeper than the lace, then the lace in two panels and a simple spencer blouse over a bandeau bodice.

A smashing flower of violet velvet at the waist and another caught to the skirt give a charming dash of color, while a tasseled cordelara of tiny silver beads in braid effect adds a last needed touch.

Fashion is showing a great interest in dyed silk laces. They are so dainty and so simple to make up.

Nelson A. Mason William J. Prater, secretary of the senate and Colonel Ball, doorkeeper of the senate.

Out of Hospital. L. O. Gilmore, who has been confined to the Bismarck hospital for nine weeks, is able to be out and will be discharged soon.

From Linton. Mrs. E. F. Pletz and son Allen, of Linton, were in town over the week end.

From Washburn. Mrs. August E. Johnson of Washburn spent Saturday in the city calling on friends.

From Fargo. Men from Fargo during the week end were E. H. Dunner, H. S. Ada, M. J. Maloney and A. H. Hartley.

Dr. Grassick Here. Dr. J. Grassick of Grand Forks,

well known in the state spent the week end in Bismarck on business.

Baby Boy. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McKean of Bismarck are the parents of a baby boy born Sunday morning at Bismarck hospital.

Miss Ward Entertains. Miss Aldyth Ward entertained for a group of nonpartisan leaders at supper Sunday night. About fifty were present.

To Hold Joint Session. The legislature will meet in joint session at 4 o'clock Wednesday to listen to Dr. Ladd, President Kane of the University of North Dakota, and others talk on appropriations for the support of the state's educational institutions.

Bureau Growing. W. E. Carlson, who is connected with the Marshall County court of Britton, S. D., is in the city visiting his brother, A. W. Carlson proofreader for the house.

Britton is just across the North Dakota line. Mr. Carlson says that the league has never gained a foothold in Marshall county but that the farm bureau is enrolling a big membership.

Have Injured Hands. Signs which point to rough weather at the capital and may mislead easterners on their first trip west are three bandaged hands among the legislators and third house members. Those carrying such appendages are William J. Prater, secretary of the senate; Fay Harding, member of the house, both legislators and Senator Plohar, independent of Valley City.

STOCKWELL HEAD OF NEW COUNCIL

Grand Forks, N. D., Jan. 31.—At the annual meeting of the Grand Council, Royal Arch Masons here, the following officers were elected: Grand Master W. L. Stockwell, Fargo; deputy grand master, Judge A. M. Christianson, Bismarck; grand principal conductor of work, Frank C. Fahrenstein, Bottineau; grand treasurer, George E. Duls, Grand Forks; grand recorder, George Guthrie, Fargo; deputy grand recorder, Ralph Miller, Fargo; grand conductor of the council, Carl B. Cravin, Carrington; grand marshal, Fred E. Soden, Edgeley; grand steward, D. M. Holmes, Grand Forks; grand sentinel, Wm. T. Johnston, Fargo. Fargo was chosen for the 1922 meeting.

GET TOGETHER MEETING. Next Monday Jan. 31 is the twentieth anniversary of the Capitol City Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F. Request all charter members to be present also all members of the Rebecca Lodge and friends. Special invitation to visiting members of the House and Senate and Capitol employees. Dance and feed in connection. By Committee.

Johnson's Candy.—20 per cent discount at Breslow's Drug Store.

Watch for "The Miracle Man."

SUITABLE FROCKS FOR MORNING, NOON AND NIGHT OF THE WEEK END VISIT



Almost every woman likes to keep on hand a n outfit suitable for a week-end trip. Here is a worth-while suggestion from "Coronet," at the Astor Theater in New York. The sports costume with its sleeveless bandeau of white pique, plaid skirt of tan and brown and tan sweaters, answers for forenoon.

The quaint, big-flowered silk with its velvet ribbon girdle and feather fan hanging from it, its clusters of velvet-centered chiffon roses and its odd turned-back shoulder sleeves that really are not sleeves at all, but "capes," is an appropriate frock for any evening affair. Both of these are worn by Natalie Manning.

Then for afternoons there is Madge Kennedy's frock of dark blue satin. It would be attractive also in tricotine or serge. The lace "set," plastron and cuffs, is a revival that promises much.

This one has a foundation of blue bariste.

With these three frocks any week-end visit anywhere ought to be entirely successful, at least from the clothes point of view.



Ted Lewis' Jazz Band

Exclusive Columbia Artists

Appearing at

AUDITORIUM TONIGHT

Under Auspices of

GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES

Hear the one and only Ted Lewis and his jazz band in the famous Greenwich Village Follies. Then you're sure to want to hear again their rhythmic, tempting, rollicking dances—often—right in your own home.

You can. Go to any Columbia dealer and ask him to let you play their Columbia Records on the Columbia Grafonola. You'll find that you're actually hearing them again. Then take these records home—and dance.

Columbia Records

COLUMBIA GRAPHOPHONE COMPANY, New York

All of Their Records, the following are now in Stock:

A-2798	Blues My Naughty Sweetie Gave Me.	A-3927	Moon Shine on the Moonshine. I'll See You in Cuba.
A-2857	Wondering. You Can't Get Loving Where There Ain't Any Love.	A-2908	Fair One.
A-2844	The Vamp.	A-3306	Gipsy Moon.
A-2895	Barkin' Dog—Fox Trot.	A-3329	I Love You Sunday.
A-2908	Bo La Bo.	A-3351	The Hula Blues.
	Venetian Moon.		Tired of Me.
	When My Baby Smiles at Me.		That Riga-Liga Lee.
	Rose of Washington Square.		Margie.
			Broadway Rose.

Ted Lewis and his Jazz Band are exclusive Columbia Artists.
Columbia Exclusive Dealer for Bismarck

Cowan's Drug Store

WILSON WILL GO TO OFFICE

Washington, Jan. 31.—President Wilson was to go to the executive room on March 4 to sign bills passed during the closing hours of this session of congress which could not become laws unless approved before congress adjourns. It will be his first visit to the offices in two years.

Social Tomorrow. The Bismarck league social will be held Tuesday evening in the lower rooms of the McCabe Methodist Episcopal church. All young people of

high school age or over are invited to be present.

FATHER AND SON'S BANQUET

Any Bismarck father having a son between the ages of 11 and 16, inclusive, desiring to attend the Father and Son's Banquet on February 10th, please telephone the Rotary Club, No. 443, not later than Wednesday noon, February 2nd. Tickets \$1 per plate.

Watch for "The Miracle Man."

Daily Fashion Hint



FOR THE WELL-DRESSED WOMAN

One of the cleverest of the outline blouses is featured in the first model, which is developed in gray broadcloth and navy blue satin. The blouse, falling below the hips and deeply cut at the armholes, is outlined with embroidery, done in both silk and beads. The skirt is plain, except for the side panels of satin. Medium size requires 2 1/2 yards 54-inch broadcloth and 2 1/2 yards 40-inch satin.

Blue serge combined with metal silk, which forms the vest and collar, is employed to fashion the second frock. It is belted with self material and adheres loyally to the straight lines which characterize the smartest fashions. Medium size requires 3 1/2 yards 54-inch serge with 1 1/2 yards 56-inch fancy silk and 1 1/2 yards 76-inch lining for gored.

First Model: Pictorial Review Dress No. 1156. Sizes, 34 to 44 inches bust. Price, 35 cents. Embroidery No. 12461 Transfer, blue or yellow, 20 cents.

Second Model: No. 9133. Sizes, 34 to 46 inches bust. Price, 35 cents.

Your Chance Now

Bring Your Old Hot Water Bottle to

BRESLOW'S

Will Allow You

75c

for the old one to apply on the purchase price of a new bottle.

Prices range \$1.50 to \$3.50

You can buy a Guaranteed Bottle for 75c

Breslow's Drug Store

A. W. Lucas Co.
Bismarck, N. D.

HARD TO DODGE THE LAW NOW

There are almost 2 000 farmers
and fire insurance companies in
United States,

Alfalfa was grown last year on more than one million acres of land in Kan-

OH, NOW I KNOW WHAT MAKES THE TEA KETTLE WHEN THE WATER BEGINS TO BOIL!

VANCE, 1961

Chiropractor	high wages
Consultation Free	There are almost 2,000 farmers
1000 S. 4th Street, Black Phone 260	and fire insurance companies in

"MAN WILL LIVE 2,000 YEARS!" SAYS DR. FISK

Eminent Biologist Declares Science Is Making Great Strides Toward Prolonging Your Life to Twenty Centuries

Predicts People Must Adopt Sex Determination, Birth Control, Death by Lot or Transportation to Other Planets

(N. E. A. Staff Special)

New Haven, Conn., Jan. 31.—If science keeps the present progress, within a comparatively short time the average human life will be 2,000 years.

So states Dr. Eugene Lyman Fisk in an article on "The Prolongation of Human Life" in the Yale Review. Dr. Fisk is an eminent biologist and the director of the Life Extension Institute.

When we're all living to be 2000 years of age, according to Dr. Fisk, serious problems will arise concerning the surplus population. He suggests these solutions:

Controlling the birthrate by determining sex.
"Selective euthanasia" or putting people to death by lot.
Conveying selected persons in projectiles to other planets. Otherwise there will be no standing room on earth.

Then, too, Dr. Fisk points out another danger long predicted by scientists—that the female of the species as the more vigorous and the more frequent may survive to the elimination of the male and bring about a manless age!

But, says Dr. Fisk, science will transform persons born females into males until a sex equalization has been reached, or, if the demand is for males, females will be converted into males.

"It is quite possible that the struggle for the materials for the prolongation of life would supply the basis for wars of extermination," says Dr. Fisk.

"Such wars might operate to keep down the population, otherwise the population would continue to increase even if the birthrate were far less than at present. We should then be confronted by the choice of either race suicide or 'selective euthanasia'."

"Unless we practically abolished the birthrate, we would be under the necessity of scientific regulation of the deathrate, and it would then be 'up to' a jury to decide as to those who were to live and those who were subjects for euthanasia."

"There would, of course, be a wide scope here for human feeling and prejudice. If the 'juries' were in power they could not be expected to render a wholly impartial verdict as to the fitness of certain 'wets' to live, and the converse would apply if the 'drys' were in power."

"By that time, of course, communication with other planets might be carried to the point of relieving the world of surplus population by means of projectiles directed to some more (or less) favorably situated planet."

"It may be asked: Could a man retain any illusions after 2000 years of existence? Would woman still be an enigma?"

"As to the latter query, it could be answered that in so advanced a social state woman might not have any further biological value, in which case she would be either selected for euthanasia or deported to some other corner of the universe to bewilder and to charm."

"It may be added that not only the physical but the temperamental and emotional characteristics of sex, which we are disposed to accept as indices of fixed personality, are in fact means."

"Assuming that science is not checked in its researches, I am willing to predict that in the course of 500 years the human race will present physical changes that will render human society entirely unrecognizable to those of the present era."

"But dissipation of energy and geologic change in the distant future will finally abolish all life on the earth."

PRICE SLUMPS FEATURE IN MONTHS NEWS

(Continued from Page One)

duction in December was about 81 per cent of a year ago. Copper production in December was practically unchanged as compared with November. Mined oil and coke, in the manufacture of which Minneapolis predominates, declined in December to three-fourths of the November volume as measured by shipments. The volume of retail trade in December as measured in dollars and cents was practically the same as in November. However, retail stocks on hand were less than a month ago and less than a year ago, so that an increase of turnover has been enjoyed. Business failures, which are an index to past business conditions, were much the same in December as in November. The record-breaking totals for the amount of liabilities continued and enormous increases over a year ago were evidenced. In December there were 44 failures with liabilities totaling \$1,150,000. It is rather early to estimate the outcome of the winter crops and the reports now available are fragmentary. However, these earliest reports indicate that the acreage seeded to rye in North Dakota, Minnesota and Montana combined is less than 78 per cent of a year ago, and that the acreage seeded to winter wheat in Montana and Minnesota combined is less than 71 per cent of a year ago.

Building and Lumber. Building operations, when measured by the number of permits in December, declined to about two-thirds of the November volume. There was a noticeable increase in the valuation, however, in the case of the cities of Duluth and Superior. Of the December permits only 46 per cent was for new construction, whereas the average for the preceding six months was 83 per cent in this district. When comparison is made with a year ago on the basis of the valuation of the permits, a decline is shown to 71 per cent. The declines were particularly startling in the case of St. Paul and Great Falls, which reported declines of 4 and 8 per cent, respectively. The valuation of Minneapolis permits was only 26 per cent of a year ago. The prices of building materials continue in an unbalanced condition. Some kinds of lumber have been cut 50 per cent since March 6, but some other building materials are even higher. Lumber manufacturers and retailers report substantial declines in lumber cut in shipments.

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DR. EUGENE LYMAN FISK SAYS: "MEN WILL LIVE 2,000 YEARS"

When the stocks of all grains for Minneapolis and Duluth are combined it appears that the total of 24,412,233 bushels at the close of December was 3 per cent larger than at the close of November and 92 per cent of that held a year ago. As compared with a month ago, the stocks of corn exhibit a phenomenal increase of 25 per cent. Wheat stocks on December 31 totaled 9,757,760 bushels, which was practically the same as a month ago, but 15 per cent less than a year ago.

Livestock. Receipts in December for all kinds of livestock in South St. Paul stockyards were about one-half of those in November. As compared with a year ago the total December receipts of all livestock were less than three-fourths and shipments were less than two-thirds. Cattle receipts were less than one-half of the movement in December a year ago. The lower prices which have prevailed throughout the month were due primarily to a great reduction in demand for foreign exports, although the demand for beef to be placed in freezers substantially declined. In addition, stock raisers were inclined to get rid of cattle which were in passably good condition because of an apprehension that market prices would continue to decline, as is evident from the fact that many of the notes secured by cattle have been paid before maturity dates. This selling movement has not brought about a material reduction in the weight of livestock received at South St. Paul, as the average weight for cattle was greater in 1920 than in 1919 and larger than the ten-year average. Only

in the case of calves was there a noticeable decrease in average weight as compared with a year ago and as compared with the ten-year average. Stocks of frozen meats exhibited a substantial decline in December in the case of beef and an excess in the case of pork.

Banking Developments in December. A comparison of the December 30 statement of condition of the Ninth Federal Reserve bank with that of December 3 indicates that the total accommodation required by member banks in this district declined seven and one-half million dollars or more than 16 per cent of the amount on the earlier date. This bank reduced its borrowings from other federal reserve banks during the same period by \$9,230,000. It was able to do this by reducing the total gold and lawful money reserves in the sum of \$4,000,000, although it was necessary to redeem our note issues to the extent of \$2,000,000 during the month. Member banks increased their reserve deposits with us \$1,400,000 and of their paper purchased from other federal reserve banks, \$1,600,000 was taken into our own assets. The combined reserve percentage declined between the two dates from 42.2 to 39.8 per cent. As compared with January 2, 1920, or about a year ago, the total accommodation to this district exhibited an increase of \$14,400,000, and our rediscunts with other federal reserve banks on December 30 were \$14,800,000, whereas a year ago there were none.

Reports received from thirty-eight selected member banks in the larger cities in this district on December 31, as compared with December 3, indicated a decrease in the total accommodation to their customers of more than \$13,000,000, all of which was used to purchase rediscunts that had been placed with the Federal Reserve bank. However, these member banks borrowed between these two dates more than \$2,000,000 from the Federal Reserve bank on their own collateral secured notes. This was necessary, as they experienced a decline in demand deposits of \$7,000,000, although there was a gain in government deposits of \$3,000,000. Their reserves at the Federal Reserve bank were built up during the month to the extent of \$2,000,000.

Net Borrowing. Inasmuch as the net borrowing of these banks in the larger cities from the Federal Reserve bank declined eleven and one-third millions, and as the total accommodation extended by the Federal Reserve bank during the same period decreased by seven and one-half millions, as shown above, it follows that the banks located in the country districts received an additional accommodation during the month to the extent of nearly \$4,000,000. Other evidence of this tendency will be found in the classification of our paper held by the Federal Reserve bank at the close of business December 30 as compared with December 3. Between these dates there was a reduction of nearly twelve million dollars in holdings of commercial and business paper and a reduction of nearly one and one-half millions in loans secured by certificates of indebtedness, while these were increases of two and one-fourth millions in livestock paper, one-fourth of a million in agricultural paper, two and one-half millions in notes secured by Liberty loan bonds and more than a million in notes secured by Victory notes. It appears that the city customers are reducing inventories, taking loans and reducing their borrowings, whereas agricultural districts are being carried for increasing amounts.

The discount rates of the Federal Reserve bank remained unchanged during December. Rates in the open market changed slightly. There were increases from one-fourth to one-half per cent in long-term paper, whether secured by cattle, warehoused goods

or unsecured commercial paper. These increases were confined to advances in the higher rates and not to those customarily prevailing. There was a decrease of about one-eighth per cent on the average in the prevailing rates for bankers' acceptances running for 90 days, both endorsed and unendorsed. Commercial paper was selling on December 31 at 3 per cent, the same as in November, but fully 2 per cent more than a year ago, while customer rates at banks were 7 1/2 per cent, the same as in November, but fully 1 1/2 per cent more than a year ago.

A statement of condition of the twelve federal reserve banks combined shows that there was a decrease between December 3, 1920, and January 7, 1921, in the total earning assets of \$221,000,000, owing to a reduction of \$114,000,000 of bills discounted, a reduction of \$56,000,000 in notes secured by government collateral and reductions in acceptances bought and securities held. There was a decrease in federal reserve notes outstanding of \$22,000,000, which precisely equals the reduction during the preceding month. Member banks' reserve deposits, however, increased \$23,000,000, and the total reserves were increased \$75,000,000. The combined reserve percentage improved 2.3 per cent between these dates. As compared with January 4, 1920, the total earning assets on January 7, 1921, exhibited an increase of \$146,000,000, the notes an increase of \$216,000,000, and the gold and lawful money reserves an increase of \$175,000,000. The combined reserve percentage of January 7, 1921,

was 46.4 per cent as compared with 45.4 per cent on January 3, 1920.

Banking Conditions on January 21. Our total net accommodation to this district was reduced between December 30 and January 21 by more than \$10,000,000, which enabled us to reduce our rediscunts about \$9,000,000 to other federal reserve banks, but leaving us with about \$7,000,000 more of such rediscunts than one year ago. Federal reserve notes declined, owing to the trade and business readjustment prevailing, to the amount of more than \$5,000,000.

Just Joking. A Veteran. In the old days of the draft—stories are popping up about them even at this time—an examiner was putting Sambo through the usual course of questions.

"Any previous military experience?" he asked.

"Lord, yes, boss," replied Sambo. "Ise an old-timer. Ise been shot at three time befo' they ever was a war."

—American Legion Weekly.

Then Watch Out. Jimmy: "Gee, a Jane must be interested in a guy when she begins to pick threads off'n his coat."

Tommy: "Nothin' to when she begins to pick hair off'n it."—Cartoons Magazine.

His Wife's Advice. Post (jocularly)—I wrote a sonnet on my cuff last night. What shall I reserve percentage of January 7, 1921.

HOW GOOD IS YOUR MEMORY?

He that wrongs his friend
Wrongs himself too, and ever bears about
A silent court of justice in his breast,
Himself a judge and jury, and himself
The prisoner at the bar, ever condemned.

—TENNYSON

Can you read this stanza once—very quickly—then write it from memory, placing all the capitals and punctuation marks correctly? If not, better train your memory! Little Dorothy Le Roy of Windsor, Vt., can do better than that—but then of course she's the memory marvel of New England. She is only four, and can't read this stanza, but when it was read rapidly to her once, she repeated it immediately without an error. She can rattle off all the presidents from Washington down and give the population of the principal American cities.

SCIENCE TRANSFORMS SEX

(N. E. A. Staff Special)

Berlin, Jan. 31.—Science is making rapid advances in changing sex, transforming males into females and females into males, as discussed by Dr. Eugene Lyman Fisk, the famous American biologist, in making his prediction that the span of human life will be increased to 2,000 years.

Dr. Erich Ebsstein, in an article in the Illustrierte Zeitung declares scientists have confirmed the processes announced several years ago by Dr. Steinach, eminent physician of Vienna, who changed sexual characteristics of small animals from male to female, or the converse, by transplanting glands.

WOULD HELP CRIPPLED CHILDREN; CITES CONDITIONS IN NO. DAKOTA

Mrs. Charles E. Jones, of Lisbon, is in Bismarck in the interest of an educational campaign in behalf of crippled children. A report of the county nurse of Barnes county, she said, showed that there are 100 crippled children unprovided for in that county and there are 54 in La Moure county. In an article published in a Lisbon paper outlining her views Mrs. Jones said in part:

"Our wonderful country, this grand United States, that boasts such magnificent advantages for the physically perfect child, has certainly been slow to recognize one form of child welfare work, for there are only five states in the Union that have caught the vision and inaugurated state care for that type of child need, that looks as though at times even God forgot."

"Minnesota took the initiative and established the magnificent institution at Phalanx park, following her lead, New York, Iowa, Massachusetts and Nebraska have seen the need. Reorganizing to rehabilitate and render useful the crippled child is an economic question for if not cared for in child life, he must be cared for in another institution later, or be the pitiful object, who, because of his condition, sits on the street corners of our large cities with his physical handicap used as an asset for securing his maintenance."

"Every physical need is met," she says. "The teeth, eyes, ears and all forms of impairment are diagnosed and 35 of the biggest men in the Twin Cities are giving unlimited time and effort, making the opportunity for the child placed in this institution far greater than for those who are private patients of the same skilled men," says Mrs. Jones.

Mrs. Jones says she will be glad to give any age interested, particularly the American War Mothers, an outline of what is being done for crippled children and how individual medical care can be secured, for until North Dakota makes provision, the individual case must be cared for.

"I do with it? Wife (unsympathetically)—Send it to the laundry.—Houston Post.

Rather Mixed. "What is his walk in life?" "He is a demonstrator for a new automobile."—Baltimore American.

Twice "Blessed." Mrs. Maloney: "Twice he's a great misfortune." Mrs. Finnerty: "Sure they be! Wan o' him misfortunes that never come single."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

A scratched picture of a mammoth's tusk found in a French cave, is believed to be the earliest artistic attempt of men now extant.

An ounce of radium, carried in a man's hip-pocket, would kill him in 10 hours by destroying his bones and tissues.

Women are employed as window cleaners in Berlin.

Izumi is considered the greatest woman poet in Japan.

"They WORK while you sleep"

Cascarets

Don't stay bilious or constipated, with your head dull, your stomach sour, gassy, upset. Take one or two Cascarets tonight sure for your liver and bowels and wake up clear and fit. Children love Cascarets too. No gripping—no inconvenience. 10, 25, 50

HUMPHREYS'

The full list of Dr. Humphreys' Remedies for internal and external use, meets the needs of families for nearly every ailment from infancy to old age—described in Dr. Humphreys' Manual mailed free.

PARTIAL LIST

1. Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations
2. Worms, Worm Fever
3. Colic, Cramping, Wakefulness of Infants
4. Diarrhea of Children and adults
5. Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis
6. Toothache, Facies, Neuralgia
7. Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo
8. Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach
9. Croup, Hoarse Cough, Laryngitis
10. Eczema, Eruptions
11. Rheumatism, Lumbago
12. Fever and Ague, Malaria
13. Piles, Hemorrhoids, Internal External
14. Catarrh, Inflammation of the Throat
15. Whooping Cough
16. Asthma, Oppressed or Difficult Breathing
17. Disorders of the Kidneys
18. Urinary Inconvenience
19. Sore Throat, Gland
20. Grip, Grippe, La Grippe

For sale by druggists everywhere.

HUMPHREYS' REMEDIES CO., Corner William and Ann Streets, New York

How a Fortune Looks—John D.'s annual income is said to be around \$80,000,000. You'd think he'd need a warehouse to hold it, but here's that much in one small vault at the U. S. treasury. Why? The little package just under John's picture holds \$10,000,000 in gold certificates.

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